

seed drills

NEUMASEM 699 NEUMASEM 799



OPERATING MANUAL MAINTENANCE ADJUSTMENTS

SPARE PARTS

Seed Drills and Fertilizer Spreaders SOLA are produced in a factory particularly specialized in this kind of machines and they are guaranted for the experience of the users.

They are machines based on state-of-the-art technology and are manufactured with recognized safety requirements for doing an excellent work with a minimal maintenance.

The purpose of this operating manual is to enable you to familiarise yourself with the working of your seed drill and to achieve your purposes.



Quality Certificate

Ref.: CN-811002 7^a Edition -Agost 2008 Ilt is forbiden the total andpartial reproduction

We can modify the specifications without prior notice

SPARE PARTS

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1. INTRODUCTION

Before you proceed to operate the seed drill, please read and observe these instructions. In this way, you will avoid accidents, reduce repair costs and downtimes and increase the reliability and service life of your seed drill.

This operating manual must be read and used by all persons who are required to work with the seed drill (including preparatory work, troubleshooting during operation, care), maintenance (inspection and technical servicing) and transporting.

Pay particular attention to the safety instructions. SOLÀ cannot assume any liability for damage or malfunctions caused by a failure to observe the instructions contained in this operating manual.

First of all, the manual will explain the Technical Specifications, the Safety Instructions, and some Essential Concepts for sowing. In the chapters PRIOR TO SOWING and MAINTENANCE, the manual will explain the basic instructions for working with the machine. This manual is finished with a Dosage Table with different types of seeds.

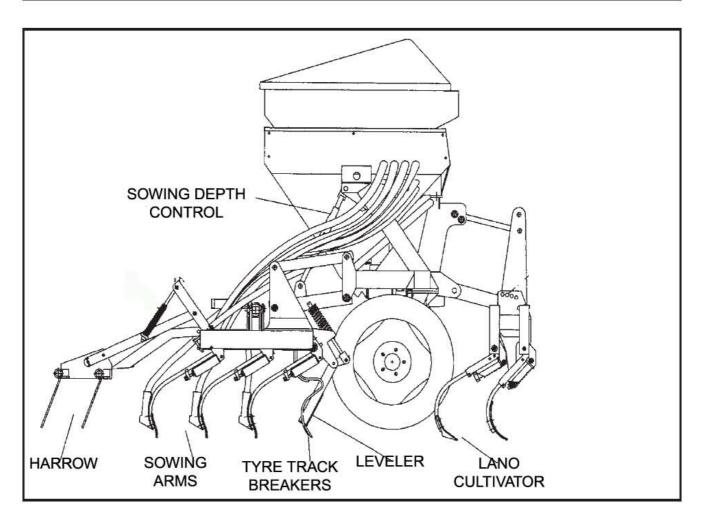


SOLÀ reserves the right to make changes to the illustrations, technical specifications and weights contained in this operating manual if SOLA makes any improvements to the seed drills

2. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS NEUMASEM 699/799

2.1 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TIPE AND ARMS	ARMS SEPARATION	WORKING WIDTH	HUPPER CAPACITY	WEIGHT	TYRE	TRANSPORT WIDTH
400/32	12,5 cm	4 m	1200 I	1450 kg	350/50-16	3 m
450/36	12,5 cm	4,5 m	1200 I	1570 kg	350/50-16	3 m
500/40	12,5 cm	5 m	1200 I	1680 kg	350/50-16	3 m
400/32	12,5 cm	4 m	1575 I	1500 kg	350/50-16	3 m
450/36	12,5 cm	4,5 m	1575	1620 kg	350/50-16	3 m
500/40	12,5 cm	5 m	1575 I	1730 kg	350/50-16	3 m
600/48	12,5 cm	6 m	1575	1850 kg	350/50-16	3 m



2.2 STANDARD EQUIPMENT

- Capacity hopper: 1200 I
- Sight of 825 I in the machines with big capacity hopper
- Selector sieve
- Hectare counter
- Electronic speed counter
- Seed level and distributor problems alarm
- Leveler
- Track erasers
- Hydraulic track markers
- Set of lights and working lamp
- Harrow
- Loading platform with access stairs
- Mechanical fan
- Hydraulic fan (type with cultivator).
- Arms with tooth furrow (699)
- Arms with coulter (799)
- Weighing machine, cranck and grains counter

2.3 OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT

- Tramlining system
- Manuel shut-off valve
- Shut-off folding parts
- Total sowing shut-off
- Leveler
- Lateral wheels

3. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 SAFETY SYMBOLS

You will find, in this operating manual, three types of safety and danger symbols:



To facilitate operation with the seed drill



To avoid damages on the seed drill or in the optional equipments



This symbol warns of the risk of injury

On the machine, you will find the following symbols:



Please, read all safety instructions contained in this operation manual with care and also observe all warning signs attached to the seed drill.



Il you are working under the machine, it is very important to assure it, to avoid its collapse.

Danger of serious lesions.



Stay away of the tractor back part during the coupling operation, during the coupling manoeuvre.

Danger of serious lesions.



Do not ride on the seed drill stairs when the machine is working.

Danger of serious lesions.



Do not place under the sowing equipment or under swinging areas.

Danger of serious lesions.

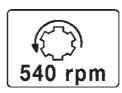


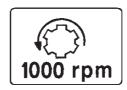
Avoid fluid escaping under pressure.
Consult operating manual for service procedures.

Danger of serious lesions.



Stop the tractor engine and avoid its start during the maintenance or repairing works in the seed drill. Consult operating manual.





Direction and speed of the power point. (only in the machines with mechanical fan)



Do not place under track markers.

Danger of serious lesions.



Couplint point to raise the machine.

3.2 PROPER USE

- Seed drill **NEUMASEM 699/799** has been produced for the agricultural works, specially for cereals sowing and the other grain seeds.
- SOLA cannot be held liable for any consequencial damage resulting from incorrect use, metering or distribution.
- All relevant accident prevention regulations, as well as other generally acknowledged safety and road traffic regulations, must be observed.
- SOLA seed drills are intended for sowing. Any uses other than those will automatically exempt SOLA from its/his liability in respect on ensuing damages.

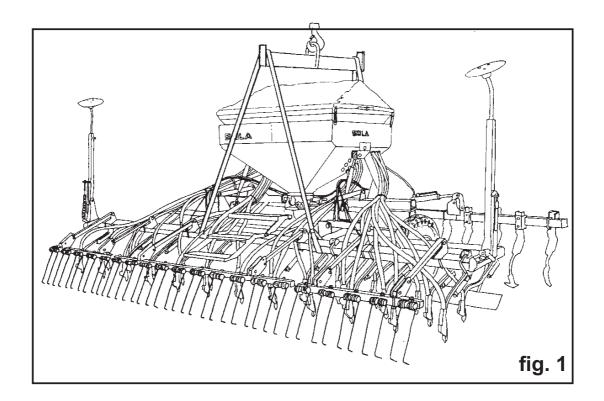
3.3 GENERAL SAFETY ARRANGEMENTS

- Before to start the machine, it is very important to read the operation safety and road safety.
- Road traffic regulations must be observed when towing the seed drill on roads.
- No persons may be allowed to ride on the seed drill during the work and during the transport.
- Before to bring into operation the machine, it is very important to know the parts and the elements.
- Be extremely careful when coupling and uncoupling the seed drill to tractor. This operation involves a high risk of infury.
- The transmission of the power point must be fitted with a protective equipment and in good conditions. Avoid the turns of the protector tube with the chaine. The side of the clutch will be fit in the seed drill.
- The transmission of the power point must be fitted when engine is stopped.
- Before to connect the power point, make sure that nobody is standing in dangerous proximity to the seed drill.

- Do not never abandon the seat drive during the work
- Do not place strange elements inside the hopper
- Before carrying out care or maintenant work, always de-pressurize the hydraulic system and switch off the p.t.o. shaft and the tractor engine.
- The hydraulic system generates extremely high pressures. All piping, hoses and connections must therefore be checked regularly for leakage and visible external damage. Useful life for these elements is not more than six years. You must change them after this time.
- -When the seed drill is raised, the tractor front axle discharges. Verify that the charge is enough to avoid lodging danger. In this situation, verify direction and braking capacity.
- During the transport with the seed drill raised, block the descent control. Before descending of the tractor, place the machine on the ground and remove starting keys.
- Be extremely careful when working with the machine in raised position. Use support elements to avoid a possible descent of the machine.

3.4 LOADING AND UNLOADING INSTRUCTIONS

The trucks loading and unloading must be made with the help of a crane-bridge. To avoid the damages in the seed drill, we have to use a special hook, as you can observe in drawings 1 and 2. Haul down cables must fasten to the three-point linkage and to the fastening points prepared in the back arms bar.



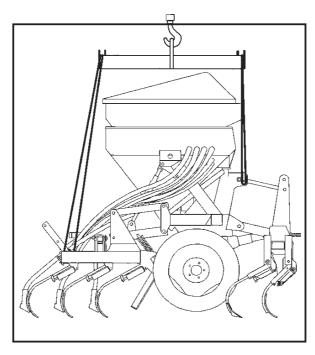


fig. 2

1

Sowing. Normal depth: from 2 to 4 cm

Thick stem, short rizhome, good freezing endurance.

Multiple sprouting, from 3 to 6 shoots and a lot of blades (from 6 to 10).

Big tuft of roots, 5 cms wide and 10-12 cms depth.

With less grains per square meters, we will obtain more ears.

2

Sowing.
Between 5 and 6 cm

Thin stem, rizhome exposed to freezing.

Delayed and poor sprouting, one shoot (sometimes The none), not many blades.

Medium tuft of roots, from 3 cm wide and 5 cms. depth.

We need more grains per square meter to obtain the same quantity of ears as in the first case.

3

Sowing. Very deep: from 8 to 10 cm

Verythin stem. No sprouting and a single

The grain reserves become depleted by forming a large rizhome,

blade

Poor tuft of roots, just 1 cm wide and 3 depth.

We need twice the grains per square meter to obtain the same quantity of ears as in the first case.



In very cold areas, successive frosts may cause soil surface fluffing up, involving the risk of releasing the incipient plant roots and causing its death.

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In these cases and to avoid this danger, it is recommendable to deeply more the seed or, if it is possible, to pass a roller in order to compact the land and to protect the seed.

5. STARTING

5.1 COUPLING THE SEED DRILL WITH CULTIVATOR

To reduce the seed drill width in order to transport the machine by truck, the cultivator is connected to the machine chassis with a links fitted in a special position. Also, the arms placed in the cultivator are wrongly placed of the working position de su posición de trabajo. When the machine is unloaded and BEFORE doing the folding essai, connecting rods and wrongly placed arms, will be placed in the correct position, as we can see in drawing 4. In a different way, the hopper could suffer damages during the folding operation.

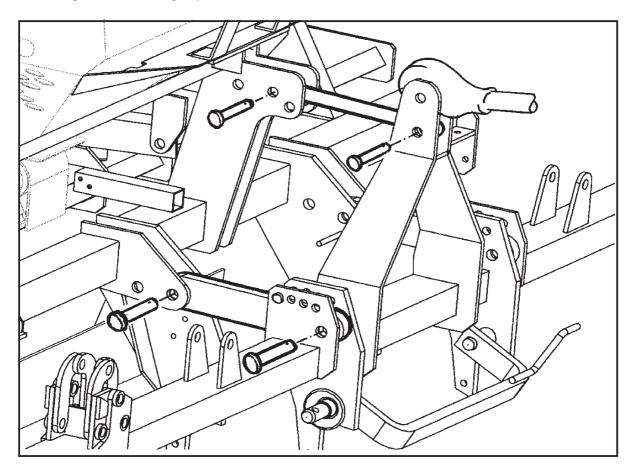
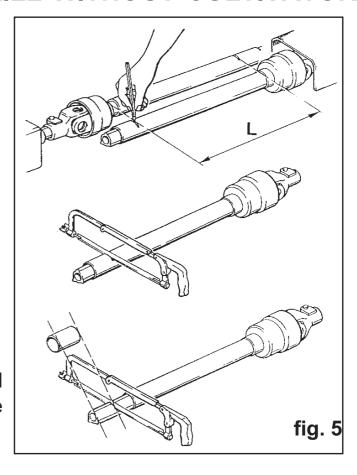


fig. 4

5.2 COUPLING SEED DRILL WITHOUT CULTIVATOR

Seed drills NEUMASEM are fitted for a fast coupling to the hydraulic and to the coupling bar.

Once the seed drill is coupled to the tractor, we have to adapt the joint shaft. Take to pieces and insert the end in the tractor power take-off and the other end in the seed dill. To calculate the lowest lenght of displacement "L" (drawing 5), lifting and descending the hydraulic lift. Cut to the correct lenght the metal and plastic parts, in the same size both pieces and place the transmission.



Verify that the transmission displacement was correct.



Make sure that the tractor engine and the p.t.o. shaft are switched off before proceeding to fit the universal joint shaft. Make sure that the protective tube can not rotate. Fix it with the chaine.



Disconnect the p.t.o. shaft to place the seed drill on the ground. In this way, you will avoid the transmission work with an excessive angle of divergence.. (maximum 35°).

Be extremely carefully actuate the tractor power take-off. ABRUPT STARTS COULD CAUSE IMPORTANT DAMAGES IN THE SEED DRILL.

5.3 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Flow regulator

It so the seed drill folding and unfolding realise carefully, we have two flow regulators. (drawing 6), one for each operation. They must be calibrated depending of the hydraulic flow given by the tractor. It is important and advisable to start with the regulator almost closed to avoid a too fast folding that could cause damages in the seed drill.



fig. 6



Make sure that nobody is standing in dangerous proximity to the seed dril.

Safety valve

Hydraulic system is fitted with a safety valve (drawing 7) to avoid the opening and closing of the cylinders while circulate by roads and ways.

Before desconecting the tractor hydraulic tubes, it is necessaty to depressurize the. In this way, we will avoid the descending of the folding laterals during the time. Before doing this operation, we have to switch-off the tractor.



fig. 7

The machine is fitted with a mechanical safety pawl to secure the equipment during the transport of the machine. In drawing number 8 we can see the pawl in the safety position.

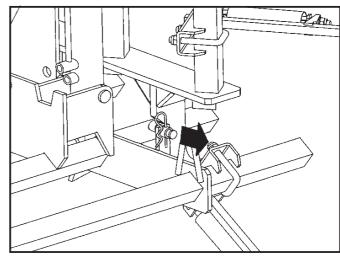


fig. 8



Before descending the equipment for working and after pressing to the system, be sure to take away mechanical pawls.

Parachute valves

Parachute valves are fitted on the connections of the sowing equipment cylinders. The valves mission es to avoid, in the case of breaking tubes, the equipment free fall.

These valves are regulated by the factory. Please, avoid their manipulation durant the maintenance and repairing works.

For your security, be sure that the valves are in the correct place before connecting the machine to the tractor and starting to work.



All piping, hoses and connections must be checked regularly. Spurting hydraulic oil can cause injuries and fires.

5.4 DOSAGE

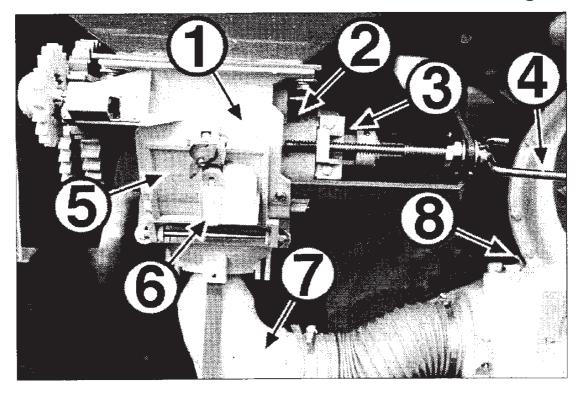
We have two ways for doing dosage: for normal seed and for fine and small seed when sowing small quantities of seed.

For **normal seed** set the red change-over switch (n° 3, drawing 9) and the spring clip-butterfly valve (n° 8, drawing 9) to position N.



There is a risk of damaging the metering device when adjusting the seed rate to a lower setting. Do this only when the metering device is rotatins or the seed hopper is empty.

fig. 9



- 1 Housing
- 2 Metering scale
- 3 Red change-over switch
 N = normal seed
 F = fine or small seed
- 4 Spindle
- 5 Hopper trap-door

- 6 Rotary slide valve (not fitted on all machines)
- 7 Manifold
- 8 Spring clip-butterfly valve

N = mormal seed

F = fine or small seed

For **fine seeds**, turn the spindle until the metering scale is in position 0. Turn the red change-over switch clockwise (n° 3, fig. 9) iuntil it engages in the groove in the hexagonal shaft. The letter F on the red change-over switch will no be visible. Now we can regulate from 0 to of the metering scale. The spring clip on the butterfly valve of the fan (n° 8, fig. 9) to position F.

Flow test

For doing the **flow test**, close the hopper trap-door and fill the hopper with seed. Open the venturi cones. Remove the manifold by unscrewing the wing nut (no 7, figura 9). Place a bucket under the venturi cone outlet in order to collect the seed. Coloque Attach the crank in the left wheel of the seed drill and turn, giving the turns number as follows:

	WHEELS 350/50-16
NEUMASEM 400/32	26,5
NEUMASEM 450/36	23,5
NEUMASEM 500/40	21
NEUMASEM 600/48	17,6

If necessary repeat the operation until you consider the seed has been calibrated.

Replace the cone venturi and the fan and secure by the wing nut.



To do the flow test make sure the seed drill is standing on firm, level ground. The tractor and the PTO shaft must be connected.

Dosage test

Between the test done and the flow spreaded by the machine, can exist some differences, owing to the few pressure in the wheels, irregularities on the ground, etc., we can do an experimental test.

With a tape measure, we can mark on the ground, the distance in meters indicated as the follows:

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WORKING WIDTH	EXPERIMENTAL TEST metros a recorrer
400	62,5
450	55,6
500	50,0
600	41,7

Then, we can cover the market distanc with the seed drill in working position. By means of a signal done in the wheel, we can count the wheel turns during the round.

In this way, we obtain the turns number to do the seed dosage test. Doing the test with this number of turns, we will obtain the kgs per hectare that the machine will spread.

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Adjustment of the seed dose

With current use of high quality seed, it is not enough to set the weight that has to be distributed by the seed drill, since the final results of the harvest will depends on the number of plants that reach complete Iripeness.

Each plant needs or requires its living space from which feeds on. In this way, as poor could be a high plant density as a low.

To know or to decide the kgs per hectare to sowing, and to know the adequate dose, we must know the number of plants par square meter we are going to sow. Orientatively, the plants number recommended for wheat and barley in dry land is as follows:

AUTUMN:	early sowing,	200 plants per m ²
	late sowing,	265 plants per m ²
SPRING:	early sowing,	310 plants per m ²
	late sowing,	445 plants per m ²

Notice that, in spring, sprouting is always lower and, consequently, we need to increase the quantity to sow.



MAQUINARIA AGRÍCOLA SOLÀ, S.L., thinks that is very recommendable for the farmer, to seek advice about dosification in some technical sowing centers.



The seed dose, must be adjusted to each soil depending on its texture, fertilization level, dampness and sowing time, grain quality, germinative value...

Moreover, it must be took into account that the maximum germinative value is variable and depends on a lot of factors. Experimentally it can be stablished between 70% and 80%, that is equivalent to multiply the number of grains to sow by 1,43 or 1,25 respectively. Find as follows, a practical method to obtain the kgs per hectare we are going to sow starting from de plants per square meter we want to obtain.

1) To introduce the grains counter in the seed (drawing 10). Get out, pass the hand on in order to have only a grain for each hole (100 grains in total). Repeat the operation 10 times in order to have 1000 grains.

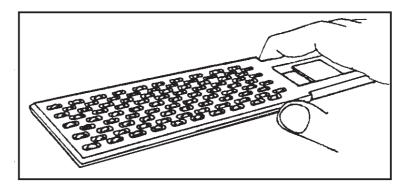


fig. 10

- 2) Weight the 1000 grains collected. Trought this operation, we will have the OPERATIF WEIGH.
- 3) Knowing the grains par square meter we are goint to sow, kgs per hectare we have to adjust in the dosage control are:

kilos per hectare = (grains per m² x OPERATIF WEIGHT) / 100

5.5 MICRODOSAGE

The micrometering system serves as a means of metering fine seed and extremely small quantities of seed per hectare. The advantage of the micrometering system over the standard system when handling fine seed is that the cell is twice as wide for the same seed rate. This considerably enhances the self-cleaning properties of the cells.

Pull out the red gearwheel until et engages in position (n° 1, fig. 11). The micrometering system is now switched on. The settings are given in the calibration chart for fine seed (pages 33-36) with the micro-

metering system M.

1 Read gearwheel2 Dispenser

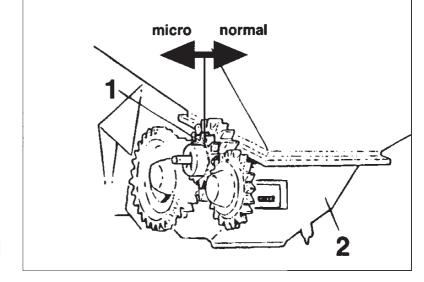


fig. 11



Check the cleaning brush before sowing with fine seed.

5.6 SETTING THE SOWING DEPTH NEUMASEM 799

The sowing depth can be adapted to the soil conditions by adjusting the coulter pressure.

Alway, the seed drill will work in horizontal position. Front and back coulters have to entered the ground in the same way.

Also, we can modify the sowing depth, adjusting the arms pressures individually by attaching to the coulter springs. It exist, a spring kit for the smoothest grounds.

Another way to modify the sowing depht is attaching on the cultivator and the leveler: if the cultivator works deeper, the sowing arms works deeper, because they will found a free groung and the leveler will be able to drag more land.

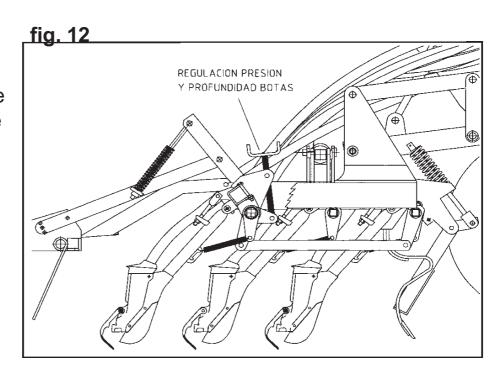


In pneumatic machines, the air pressure, with the absense the record in the coulter, provoque that the seed depth in the rows was bigger than another conventional machine.

After some working minutes, verify that the sowing depth is correct.

5.7 SETTING THE SOWING DEPTH NEUMASEM 699

For setting the sowing depth in type 699 we have to modify the pressure of the springs of the arms. For this, we have to operate on three cranks adjusting the three sections that divide the arms equipment. (drawing 12).



We have another possibility to adjust sowing depht. We can modify the sowing equipment hight throught the two tighteners that hold it to the chassis. With the sowing equipment hold on, sowing coulters have a penetration angle very big (nearly 90°) and they can bury the seed deeper. If we want to work in this position, the most advisable for the hard grounds, we will loosen the set nut of each arms in order to have that the sowing coulters descent for working better and for copying the unevenness of the terrain.

On the other hand, with the equipment in down position, coulters work with an angle of small penetration and the seed depth is smallest. In this case, we must tighten the adjustment nuts of each descended arm. To lift the seed drill, the arms do not descend too and the pressure springs will be able to go out of their grooves.

5.8 DISTRIBUTION WITH MECHANICAL FAN

To guarante the seed supply to the sowing coulters it is necessary that the fan turns between 4200 and 4500 r.p.m, for that we must take the p.t.o. at the outlet with 1000 r.p.m.

With less speed, some seeds could stay in the conductor pipes.

.

Also, we will take precaution to turn the fan to the operating speed before turning the transmission wheel.

To raise the machine, we will not reduce the operation speed until the wheel do not touch the ground.

If we trail the seed drill along the ground with air fan switched-off, the seed coming from distributor will block the manifold that feed the venturi cone. In the case it happens, replace the manifold and collect the seed before starting the normal operation with the seed drill. •



The turn of the transmission wheel without fan to full operation can cause the blocked of the manifold tubes.

5.9 DISTRIBUTION WITH HYDRAULIC FAN

	Hydraulic motor		Oil supply			
	absorption	speed	minimum feed line	maximum return	flow rate	
Type of machine	capacity (cm3)	(rpm)	pressure (bar)	line pressure (bar)	(l/min)	
400 450/500/600	8 8	4200 4500	130 160	18	10 44	

Connection

Connect the fast plug of the fan small pipe to a pressureless line of the tractor. Connect the pipe of 1/2" with the big fast plug, to a return line without pressure.



The maximum permissible return line pressure is 15 bar. Too high pressure will force the shaft seal ou of its seating.

Adjust the fan speed to a 4200 r.p.m. or to 4500 r.p.m. as the upper table.



If you find that the oil becomes over heated, either because the delivery rate is excessively high or the oil reserve is too small, it could be necessary to fit an additional oil reservoir.



Il it is not possible to obtain the required flow rate for normal operation, an additional hydraulic circuit must be installed. (hydraulic pump, pressure relief valve, directional valve, oil cooler, and possibly and additional reservoir). So as not to increase the pressure in the pressure line unnecessary verify hydraulic lines. Consult your manufacturer.

5.10 CULTIVATOR

The cultivator work has to be superficial but enough to erase the tractor marks. For achieving this result it is possible to adjust the arms located behind the wheels tractor with a different depth than the others.

The cultivator has 4 points to adjust in 4 different ways and it is afloat, that is, it has lateral movement and it is independent of the seed drill. It is possible to lift it with the tractor elevator while the seed drill remains on the ground.

5.11 LEVELER

IThe leveler work is essencial to obtain a sowing of regular depth. We can adjust the leveler operating on four screws (drawing 13) to modify heigh and pressure of the leveler three sections.

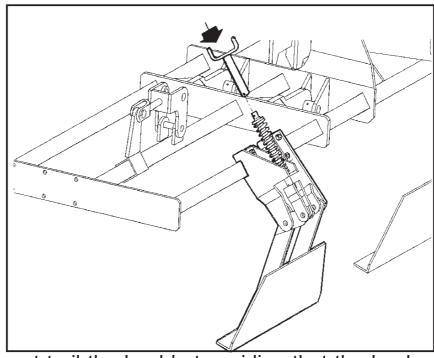


fig. 13

The leveler must trail the land but avoiding that the land running over the plate. To erase the seed drill marks, we can fit the track erasers. We have to adjust them.

5.12 HARROW

The harrow has different positions for working on different ground types. We can adjust:

- 1- Height: tighten the lower bolt (1, drawing 14).
- 2- Pressure: tighten the upper bolt of the brace rod (2, drawing 14).
- 3- Positions: modifying the screws position that hold the harrow to the arms (3, drawing 14).

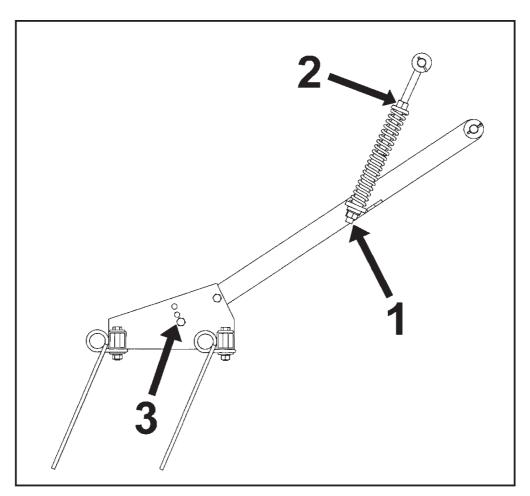


fig. 14

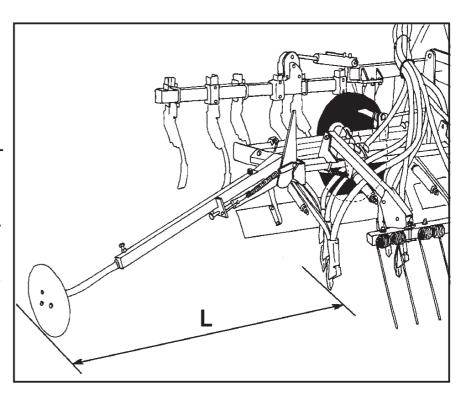
5.13 HYDRAULIC TRACK MARKERS

Track markers are fitted in the laterals of the folding equipment. The right marker is fitted on the short support and the left marker on the long support. Their operation is hydraulic and we have to connect them to two different connectors for working in an indistinctly way. It is very important to fold the track markers and fix them with the bow pin before folding the machine for transporting.

The track markers arms are extending. We can adjust them in lenght and we can position the discs on the correct penetration inclination.

The spring allows to adjust the disc pressure on the ground.

The lenght of the track markers is calculated as follows:



L = working width seed drill - track gauge wheels tractor + width of the row

2

NOTE: Sizes in cms



It is not advisable use to much the spring pressure, to avoid seriously damages.



The pressure oil can penetrate in the skin and can cause injuries and fires. Be extremely careful with the hydraulic connections and tubes.



No persons may be allowed to stand within the working area.

6. PLUS DRILL CONTROL

6.1 Overview

The Sola Neumasem Drill Control monitors several functions of the seed drill, sets the seeding width, and controls the tramlining function of both conventional and pneumatic type seed drills. The instrument has an illuminated 4-digit display with 6 display functions and alarm functions for forward speed, fan rpm, seed distribution shaft rpm and hopper level.

The speed and area functions are displayed in metric units.

The instrument indicates;

- Forward Speed (plus low speed alarm)
- Part Area and Total Area worked
- The current bout number and tramline bouts for the selected tramlining sequence.
- Fan rpm (plus low/high speed alarm)
- Seed Distribution Shaft rpm (plus low speed alarm)
- Hopper level low (plus alarm)

There are two memory registers (Total 1 and Total 2) to record area worked. The area is accumulated to both memory registers. Area totals and all calibration data are automatically stored in memory when the instrument is powered off.

The instrument also indicates whether seeding at part width or full width, or that the micro-metering ratio (for small seed) is in effect.

Normal Display Mode

The instrument has a normal display mode displaying the work functions. Select a channel by pressing the _____ button once or more.

When the drill is moving, the selected channel is displayed for 10 seconds before defaulting back to the tramline display (channel).

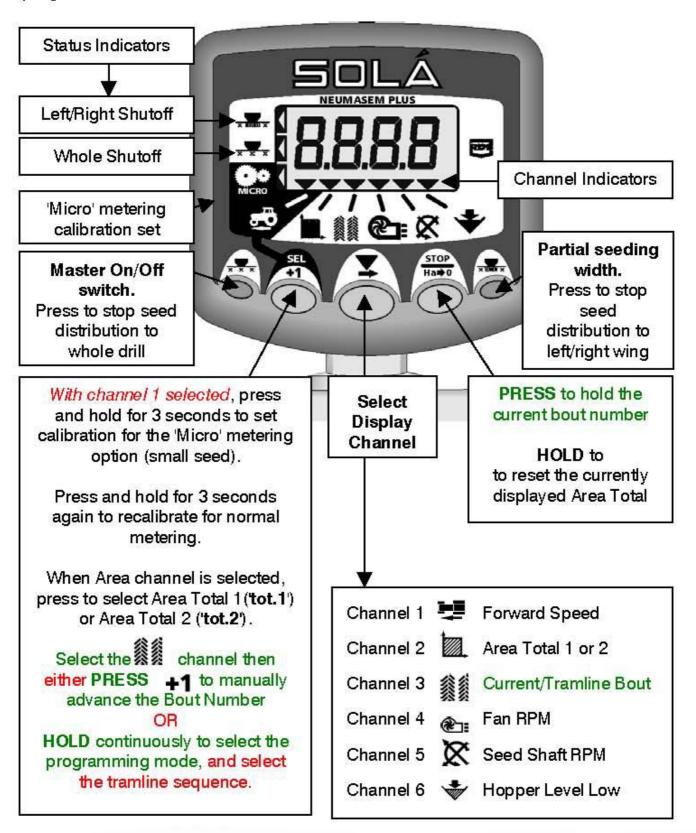
Programming Modes

There are 2 programming modes with various calibration factors and default settings.

Many of these settings are made on installation and do not normally need to be changed unless the instrument is switched onto a different drill. These settings are appended to the back of this manual. The operator does not normally need to refer to them.

6.2 The Control Switches

There are five switches on the front panel used individually or in combination to select, programme, or reset a function.



6.3 Forward Speed

Display Forward Speed



Forward Speed displays for 10 seconds before returning to the tramline display.

If an alarm condition occurs, the display will default to the appropriate channel, the buzzer will sound 5 beeps, and the display will remain flashing on that channel until either,

- (i) the alarm condition is rectified.
- (ii) the forward speed drops below 2km/h.
- (iii) another channel is selected and the alarm ignored.



Figure 1: Display Forward Speed

Forward Speed Alarm

If you stop while the drill is in work, then the instrument will beep twice, and the display will alternate between '0.0' and 'ALAr'

This continues until the speed is increased above the 2.0 km/hr threshold.

Disable Forward Speed Alarm

- Press and hold whilst switching on the instrument to enter programme mode 2. The display should show '1' indicating the alarm is enabled.
- 2. Press to set '0' and disable the alarm.
- Switch the instrument off and on again to resume normal operating mode.

FORWARD SPEED C1

Select the channel with the central button. Under 2.6 km/h the alarm rings. You can deactivate this alarm by entering in programme 2.

Speed sensor calibration

Enter a calibration factor in programme 2, following this panel:

MODEL	400	450	500	600
CALIBRATION FACTOR	5,550	4,810	4,440	3,840

- 1. Select the speed channel. (C1)
- Press "SEL" to enter in rate 1. Keep pressing and press the central button (v) to change the digit to modify.
- 3. Keep the central button pressed for some seconds to modify the digit's moving value. Leave the value on the screen.
- Stop pressing the buttons and the monitor will return to normal position.

The S.S.F. is normally calculated automatically via the "Autocal" function.

'Autocal'

For maximum accuracy, perform an autocalibration in field conditions.

NOTE: The seed shaft gear ratio must be set for normal seed i.e. not set for 'micro' metering. If the gearing is set to the 'micro' ratio, speed calibration will be incorrect resulting in incorrect forward speed display and area accumulation when set at the normal metering ratio.

- Set two markers at 100 metres apart (328 feet). Choose a convenient reference point on the tractor/implement and position this point opposite the first marker.
- Select the channel.
- 3. HOLD until the existing calibration factor is displayed.
- Continue holding this button and press
 The display flashes 'Auto' ready for calibration.

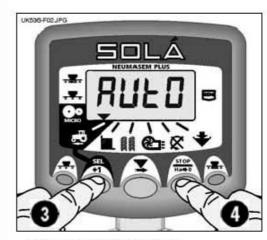


Figure 2: Start 'Autocal'

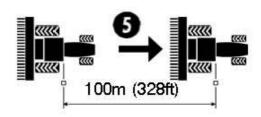


Figure 3: 'Autocal' distance

Drive the vehicle until the chosen reference point on the tractor/implement is opposite the second marker.

The instrument counts and displays the sensor pulses received over the distance travelled.

6. Press the button to complete the Autocal routine (fig. 4).

The calibration factor is automatically calculated and stored in memory.



Figure 4: Stop 'Autocal'

Area Total / Implement Width 6.4

The area is derived from the forward speed and the programmed implement width and is accumulated to whichever total is selected on the display - total 1 or total 2.

Area will only accumulate while the drill is in work, i.e. forward speed is being registered, and is automatically calculated based on the seeding width selected.

The two separate area totals can be independently reset to zero.



Figure 5: Display Area Total

Display Area Total



- Select the channel. 1.
- Press to cycle between the two area totals. 2.

The display will then show 'tot.1' or 'tot.2' before displaying the area accumulated since that total was last reset.

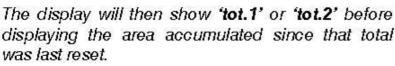




Figure 6: Select Total 1 or Total 2

Area total displays for 10 seconds before returning to the tramline display.

Reset Totals

- Select the channel. 1.
- to cycle between the two area totals. 2.
- Hold for 5 seconds to zero that total. 3.

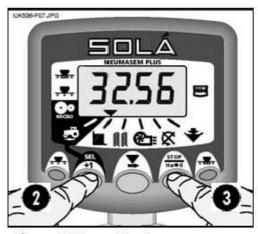


Figure 7: Reset Total

View/Set Implement Width

In order for the instrument to accumulate area correctly, the implement working width must be programmed. The units are in metres.

View/Set Left/Right Wing Width

- Select the channel.
- 2. Press to select left/right wing shutoff as shown by the left top indicator (fig. 8).
- 3. HOLD to enter programme mode 1.

 After 5 seconds the current wing width is displayed with the first digit flashing.
- 4. To change the value, continue holding the button and...
- 5. PRESS to select the digit or decimal point to change.
- 6. HOLD to change the selected digit (or move the decimal point).
- 7. RELEASE to select the next digit and repeat as above, otherwise simply release both buttons. The instrument will then return to the normal display mode.

View/Set Full Width

As above except first press to select full width shutoff as shown by the left middle indicator (fig. 10).



Figure 8: View Wing Width

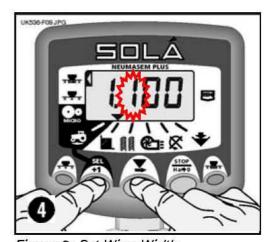


Figure 9: Set Wing Width

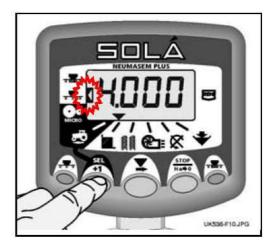


Figure 10: Set Full Width

6.5 Tramlining

The display defaults to the selected).

There are five systems of tramlining - symmetric, asymmetric left, asymmetric right, 10 bout and 18 bout. The tramline bout is programmable from 1 to 15 in symmetric, asymmetric left and asymmetric right sequences.

Selection of asymmetric tramlining is denoted by a decimal point on the display between the current bout number on the left and the tramline bout number on the right. Left or right asymmetric tramlining is selected in the programming mode.

NOTE: There is an option in the programme mode to disable the tramline function altogether.

Manually advance the bout number

Press to advance the current bout number by 1.

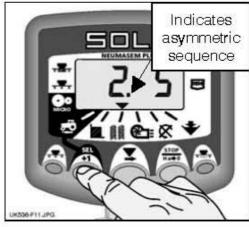


Figure 11: Advance bout number

Hold the bout number

Press to 'hold' the current bout when the drill goes out of work.

The display will flash 'StOP'.

Press sequence.

again to resume the normal bout

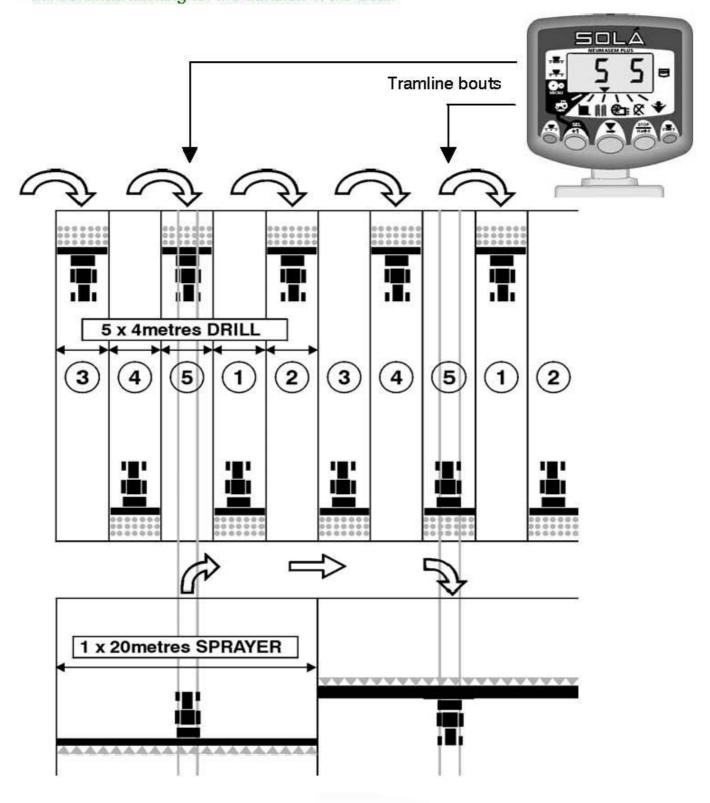


Figure 12: Hold bout number

Symmetric Tramlining Sequence

2+2 seed spouts are closed during the tramline bout only.

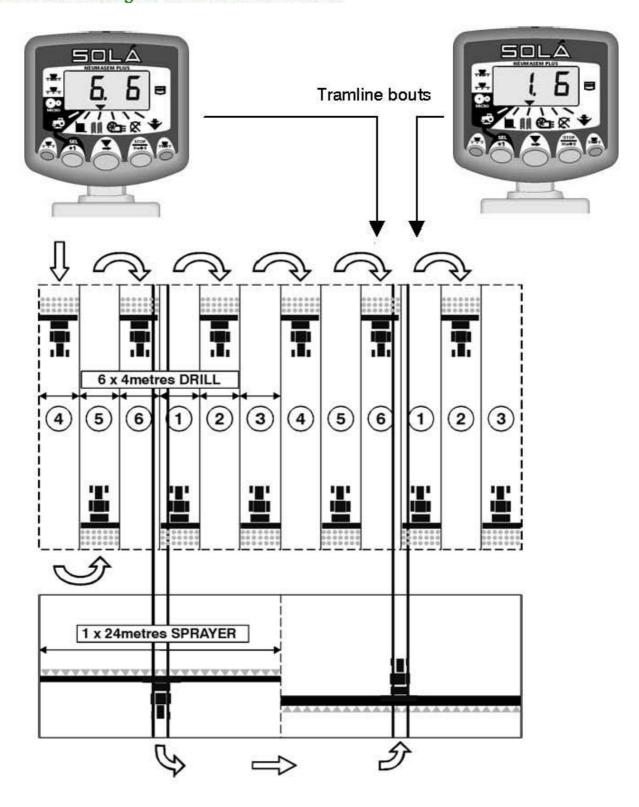
The instrument will beep once at the beginning of the tramline bout, and the display will continue flashing for the duration of the bout.



Asymmetric Left Tramlining Sequence

Two seed spouts are closed on the left hand side of the drill on the tramline bouts.

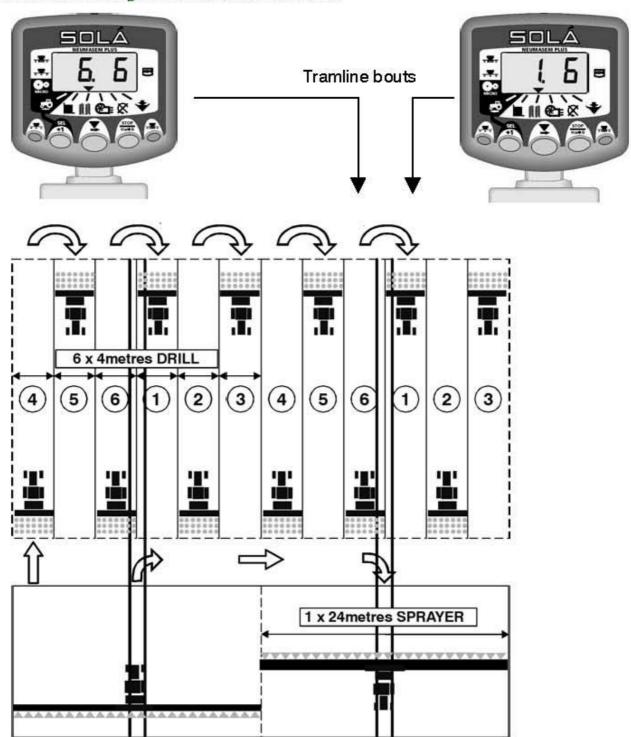
The instrument will beep once at the beginning of each tramline bout, and the display will continue flashing for the duration of the bout.



Asymmetric Right Tramlining Sequence

Two seed spouts are closed on the right hand side of the drill on the tramline bouts.

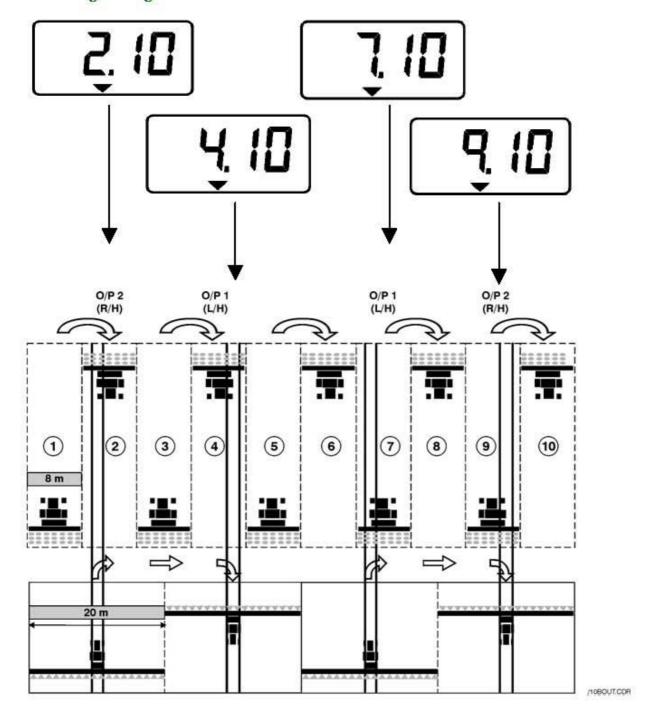
The instrument will beep once at the beginning of each tramline bout, and the display will continue flashing for the duration of the bout.



10-Bout Tramlining Sequence

For use with 4 metre drill/10 metre sprayer, or 8 metre drill/20 metre sprayer combinations. (2 \times 2 left hand seed spouts are closed on bouts 4 and 7, and 2 \times 2 right hand seed spouts closed on bouts 2 and 9). Starting on bout 1 requires turning RIGHT at the end of the first bout.

NOTE: To turn LEFT at the end of the first bout, advance the bout number to 6 before commencing drilling.

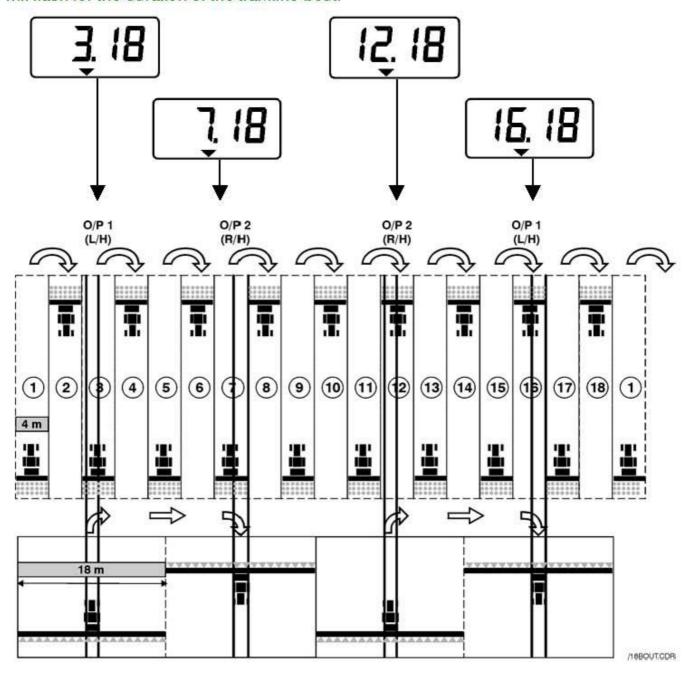


18-Bout Tramlining Sequence

For use with a 4 metre drill and an 18 metre sprayer. (2×2 left hand seed spouts are closed on bouts 3 and 16, and 2×2 right hand seed spouts closed on bouts 7 and 12). Starting on bout 1 requires turning **RIGHT** at the end of the first bout.

NOTE: To turn LEFT at the end of the first bout, advance the bout number to 10 before commencing drilling.

The instrument will beep once at the beginning of each tramline bout and the display will flash for the duration of the tramline bout.



Selecting the Tramline Sequence

Select the channel.

Hold to enter programme mode 1.
 After 5 seconds the first two digits flash, indicating the tramline sequence currently

set:-

'SY' = Symmetric

'AL' = Asymmetric Left

'Ar' = Asymmetric Right

'AS' = Special Asymmetric sequences e.g. 10 bout and 18 bout.

TO DOUL AND TO DO



Figure 13: Tramline Sequence

3. Continue holding the button and press and HOLD the required sequence.

Setting the Tramline Bout

4. PRESS and RELEASE the button to toggle between the tramline sequence and tramline bout number display.

The 3rd and 4th digits flash indicating the tramline bout number currently set.

5. PRESS and HOLD the button to cycle the tramline bout from 1 to 15.

NOTE: If either asymmetric left ('AL') or asymmetric right ('Ar') sequences are selected, the tramline output is also switched on for the bout following the target bout (i.e. bout 1).

If the special asymmetric sequence ('AS') is selected, the only options for the tramline bout number are 10 and 18.

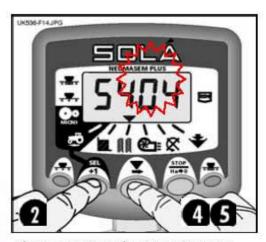


Figure 14: Tramline Bout Number

6.6 Fan Speed / Speed Alarms

Display Fan Speed



Select the @___ channel.

Fan Speed displays for 10 seconds before returning to the tramline display.

Fan Speed Alarms

There is a programmable low-speed alarm and a non-programmable high speed alarm. An alarm condition causes the instrument to default to the fan speed channel, sound 5 beeps and flash the actual fan speed. The audible alarm will continue to sound every 30 seconds until the alarm condition is resolved.



Figure 15: Display Fan Speed

NOTE: The alarm is temporarily inhibited if another channel is selected, or if the forward speed is less than 2 km/hr.

Thresholds: Low speed = 2700 rpm (default), High speed = 5000 rpm

Set Low Fan Speed Alarm

- 1. Select the channel.
- Hold to enter programme mode 1.
 The alarm threshold is displayed after 5 seconds. Continue holding the button and...
- 3. PRESS to select the digit or decimal point

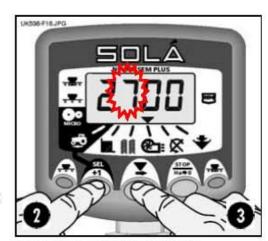


Figure 16: Low speed alarm threshold

- HOLD to change the selected digit (or move the decimal point).
- 5. RELEASE to select the next digit and repeat as above, otherwise simply release both buttons. The instrument will then return to the normal display mode.

High Fan Speed Alarm

The high speed alarm is set at 5000 rpm and is not programmable.

6.7 Seed Distribution Shaft Speed

Display Shaft Speed



Select the K channel.

Shaft Speed displays for 10 seconds before returning to the tramline display.

Distribution Shaft Speed Alarm

The default alarm setting is 0 rpm. When set >0, and the seed shaft rpm goes below the threshold or stops, the instrument will sound 5 beeps and will default to the channel from the current channel selected.

The audible alarm will continue to sound every 30 seconds until the alarm condition is resolved.

NOTE: The alarm is temporarily inhibited if another channel is selected, or if the forward speed is less than 2 km/hr.

Set Alarm Speed for Distribution Shaft

- Select the channel.
- Hold to enter programme mode 1.
 The alarm threshold is displayed after 5 seconds. Continue holding the button and...
- PRESS to select the digit to change.
- HOLD to change the selected digit.
- 5. RELEASE to select the next digit and repeat as above, otherwise simply release both buttons. The instrument will then return to the normal display mode.

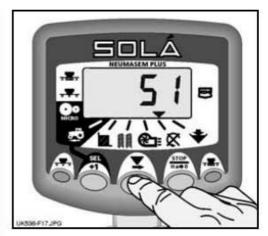


Figure 17: Distribution Shaft speed

NOTE: Setting '0' disables the alarm function.

6.8 Hopper Level



This display is left blank if the alarm function is disabled in programme mode 1.

When the alarm is enabled, when the seed level drops below the sensor fitted in the side of the hopper, the instrument defaults to this channel and sounds 5 beeps

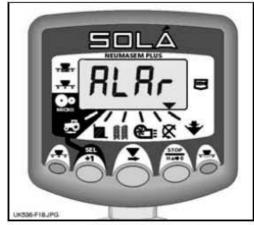


Figure 18: Hopper Low Alarm

Enable / Disable Hopper Level Alarm

- 1. Select the 🔷 channel.
- 2. Hold to enter programme mode 1. Continue holding the button and...
- 3. PRESS to select 0 (Off) / 1 (On).

The display will stay blank on this channel when the alarm is disabled.

 Release both buttons. The instrument will then return to the normal display mode.

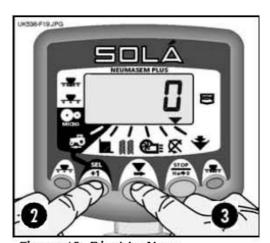


Figure 19: Disable Alarm

6.9 Summary of Programme Modes 1 – 3

Most settings do not need to be accessed during normal. Default values shown in [brackets].

		Programming mode 1	Programming mode 2	Programming mode s
	Operating Mode	Select channel, press and hold 'SEL/+1' to enter	Power on whilst holding 'SEL/+1' to enter mode. Use same key to select channel	Power on whilst holding 'STOP/HA-0' for 10 seconds to enter mode. Use same key to select channel
Channel 1	Forward Speed	Speed sensor factor & autocal	Forward speed alarm	
Chamici 1	(Km/h)	Default: 2.000m/2 pulse	Default: 1 (on)	
Channel 2	Area x 2	Working width		Grand total area
Chamilei 2	(Hectares)	Default: 4.000m		(Ha)
Channel 3	Tramlining	Tramline Sequence	Tramline option	
Chamiler 5		Default: SY04	Default: 1 (on)	
Channel 4	Fan Speed	Low alarm speed	High alarm speed	Fan PPR
Chamiler	(RPM)	Default: 2700rpm	Default: 5000rpm	Default: 2.000
Channel 5	Shaft Speed	Low alarm speed		Shaft PPR
Chaille	(RPM)	Default: Orpm		Default: 1.000
Channel 6	Hopper Alarm	Alarm on/off		
		Default: 1 (on)		

7. MAINTENANCE 7.1 GREASING

Grease regularly the following points:

- -Every day, transmissions articulations.
- -Each 100 ha graise the folding parts articulations.
- -Each 400 ha graise the wheel axles and the transmission bushing.

7.2 WHEELS PRESSURE

Tyre 350/50-16 --- 3,75 kg/cm²

The information is prescribed by the tyre manufacturer. Full-load pressure.

Generally, in poor prepared soils, it is advisable to reduce a bit the lpressure in order to overcome the land irregularities and achieve more sowing regularity.

7.3 SCREW WORKS

After some working hours, all bolts must be verified and tightened if necessaty. In model 799 we supply a special key, a tube key, located inside the hopper, for the hold-down screw.

7.4 DISTRIBUTOR HEAD AND TUBES

Before working it is very important to verify that the seed delivery tubes and the distributor head are not blocked. For this, with the operating fan and with the full hopper, we will give some turns to the wheel to verify that the seed falls through the arms. Switch-off the machine and disconnect the head cover to verify that anything is inside.

8. DOSAGE TABLES



The quantities shown at the tables are for guidance only. The flow can change due to preservation powders, seed sizes, density, humidity...



For a precision sowing, we advise you to follow the dosage process described in the chapter 5.4 of this booklet.

		Too		T	_		1	1		1	1		_	т-	1								
	7	SROOVE	1,12	2,23	3,47	4,65	5,83	6,94	8,13	9,3	66'6	10,7	Σ										
⊢⊃кх ∙ шшш⊢ю	7.0	SHAFT GROOVE)	2,36	4.22	6.94	5,3	11,7	13,9	16,2	18,6	20	21,4	z										
	6	AGONAL			1,3	2.36	3,35	4,28	5.21	80.9	6.94	7.56	Σ	MICROMETERING							2	PLYING	
oπ∢∾∾	0,39	THE HE			2.6	4,84	6.7	95'8	10.4	12,3	13,9	15.1	z	MICROM							IE 250M	MULTI	
		FINE SEED, KG/HA (LOCKING TAP IN THE HEXAGONAL	1,07	2,36	3,97	5,58	7,07	8,43	8.6	11.2	12,3	12,8	Σ	= Σ							TING T	GOTB	
жшо о¬о>шк	8	A (LOCKII	2,1	8.	6'2	=	14	17	20	22	25	26	z				SN	SN	NS		SIMULA	CAN BE	j.
	93	D, KG/H/	66'0	2.11	3,1	4.22	5,33	6,32	7.32	8.43	9.55	10,5	Σ	933			TURNS	TURNS	TURNS		R FOR	KG/HA	3
х∢сш	0,65	FINE SEE	1,98	4,22	6,32	8,43	10,5	12.8	14.8	16.9	19.1	21,2	z	NORMAL SEED	TEST:	TURNS	26,5	23.5	77.0) =	NUMBE	LOWIN	
	RELATIVE DENSITY (kg/l)	SETPOINT VALUE	2,5	5	7,5	10	12,5	15	17,5	20	22,5	25		II Z	PREVIOUS FLOW TEST:	SEED DRILL	400/32	450/36	500/40 600/48	0000	WHEEL TURNS NUMBER FOR SIMULATING THE 250M2	SOWING.THE FLOW IN KG/HA CAN BE GOT BY MULTIPLYING THE AMOUNT COLLECTED FOR 40	
ტო∢თთ	0.36			17	24	31	38	46		-63	æ	×		-									7.2
OOKZ	62.0	CE)	7,4	22	43	64	86	107	128	145	162	180	197	215	232	248	265	283	300	317	335	353	370
>m-0±m0,	0,83	METERING DEVICE)	30	47	64	83	100	118	135	154	171	188	206	224	242	259	277	294	312	330	347	366	383
J⊃G-ZM0	0,76		26	42	57	73	89	105	120	136	153	169	184	201	217	233	249	265	280	298	312	329	345
СШ∢Ω	0,81	IS TO TH	20	37	55	72	91	109	126	144	161	180	198	216	233	250	268	288	305	322	340	358	376
шш∢Ζα	0,85	NORMAL SEED, KG/HA (LOCKING TAP POINTS TO THI	21	38	57	73	91	108	125	143	160	177	195	212	229	247	263	280	298	314	331	347	366
O∢⊢ø .	0,5	CKING 1	22	32	43	53	99	9/	87	86	109	120	131	143	154	165	176	186	197	208	219	231	242
—————————————————————————————————————	0.68	G/HA (LC	30	45	9	73	88	103	118	133	148	161	177	191	206	221	234	249	264	279	294	309	324
∝≻ш	0,74	SEED, K	31	46	62	11	93	109	124	140	156	171	186	202	218	234	250	267	280	296	312	329	345
≩IШ∢⊢	0,77	NORMAL	31	47	64	7.9	97	114	130	146	161	179	195	212	229	246	262	277	294	311	327	343	360
ошшО	RELATIVE DENSITITY (kg/l)	SETPOINT VALUE	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	09	65	7.0	7.5	80	85	90	95	100	105	110

	_	ROOVE)	6,0	8,	2,8	3.75	4.7	5,6	95'9	7.5	8.06	8,6	Σ										
F⊃KZ · BMMF W	0.7	SHAFT G	6	3,4	5.6	7.5	9,4	11.2	13.1	15	16.1	17,3	z	<u>5</u>				25					
	6	XAGONAL			1,05	6	2.7	3,45	4.2	6.4	9'9	6,1	Σ	MICROMETERING									
<u>ი</u> ო∢იი	0.39	FINE SEED, KG/HA (LOCKING TAP IN THE HEXAGONAL SHAFT GROOVE)	۰	×	2.1	3.9	5,4	6,9	8.4	6.6	11,2	12,2	z	MICRO									
	8.0	ING TAP I	98.0	1.9	3,2	4.5	5,7	8.8	7.9	6	6.6	10,3	Σ	= ≥									
жшо о¬о>ш	-	A (LOCK	1.7	3.9	6.4	6	12	14	16	80	20	21	z										
	92	ED, KG/H	8.0	1.7	2,5	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.9	8.9	7.7	8,5	Σ	SEED		(A)							
х∢сш :	0.65		1,6	3.4	5,1	80.	8,5	10,3	11.9	13.6	15,4	17.1	z	NORMAL	TEST:	TURNS	17.0	0,					
	RELATIVE DENSITY (kg/l)	THE METERING DEVICE SETPOINT VALUE	2,5	2	7,5	10	12,5	15	17,5	20	22.5	25		z Z	PREVIOUS FLOW TEST	SEED DRILL	07/009	000/40	•				
0 M < 0 0	0.36	DEVICE		14	19	25	31	37				80	15		-0		10				14		8.
OOKZ	0.79	ERING	9	18	35	52	69	98	103	117	131	145	159	173	187	200	214	228	242	256	270	285	298
>WHOIM0	0.83	IE MET	24	38	52	67	81	95	109	124	138	152	166	181	195	209	223	237	252	266	280	295	309
	0.76	2	21	34	46	59	72	85	26	110	123	136	148	162	175	188	201	214	226	240	252	65	278
σш∢ю	0.81	TAP POINTS	16	30	44	58	73	88	102	116	130	145	160	174	188	202	216	232	246	260	274	289	303
BM4Z0	0,85	ING TA	17	31	46	59	73	87	101	115	129	143	157	171	185	199	212	226	240	253	267	280	295
04F0	0,5	KG/HA (LOCKING	18	26	35	43	53	61	70	19	88	26	106	115	124	133	142	150	159	168	177	186	195
B∢KJ⊞≻	0.68		24	36	48	59	11	83	95	107	119	130	143	154	166	178	189	201	213	225	237	249	261
∝≻ш	0,74	AL SEED	25	37	50	62	7.5	88	100	113	126	138	150	163	176	189	202	215	226	239	252	265	278
≽ ⊥ш∢⊢	0.77	NORMAL	25	38	52	64	7.8	92	105	118	130	144	157	171	185	198	211	223	237	251	264	277	290
ωшшΩ	RELATIVE DENSITY (kg/l)	SETPOINT VALUE	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	7.0	75	80	85	06	95	100	105	110

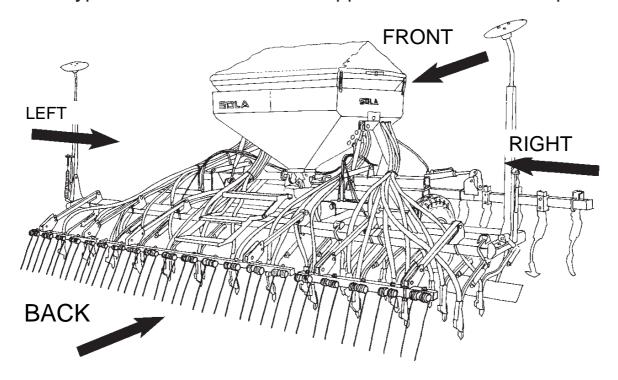
NEUMASEM BOARD 600 /40 WITH FLOTATION WHEELS 350/50-16

9. SPARE PARTS

The terms RIGHT (derecha), LEFT (izquierda), FRONT (delante) and iBACK (detrás) refers to the machine in starting direction.

In drawings we do not repeat the same spare parts, but with different hand. Codes are in spare parts chapters.

Please, when you order the spare parts, inform about the code and machine type. You will find it on the hopper identification nameplate.



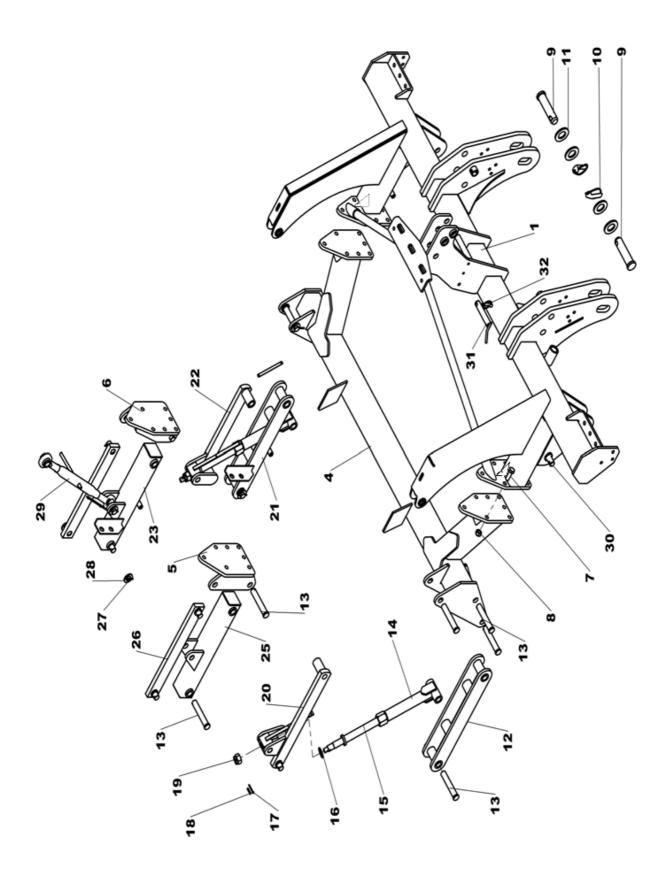


Be careful to change the elements of the sowing equipment, because the sharp elements can cause injuries.



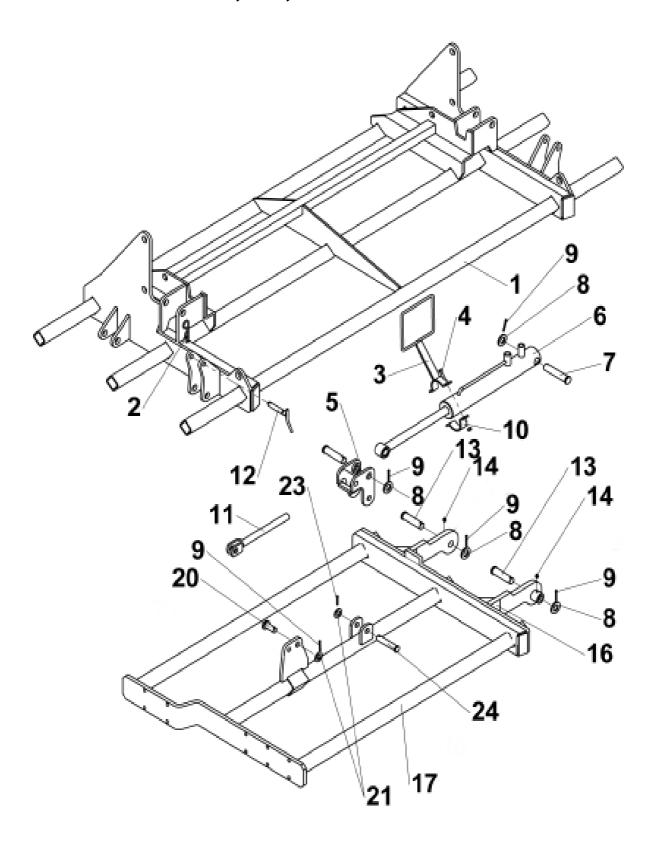
As a general instruction, you must avoid working under the machine hanged up from the tractor. If you must do it, be extremely careful and secure it.

9.1 CHASSIS



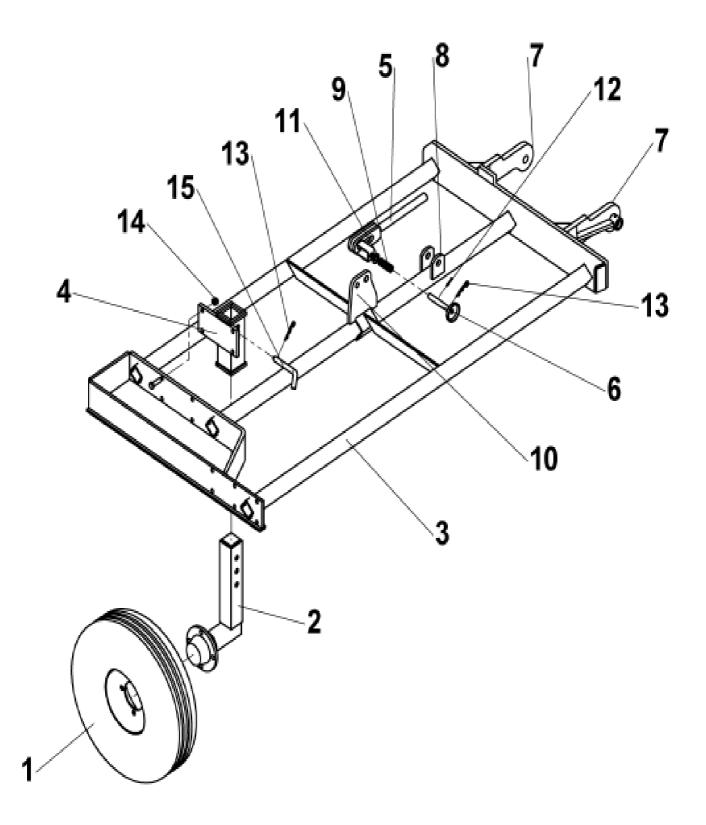
~

9.2 ARMS BAR 400,450,500



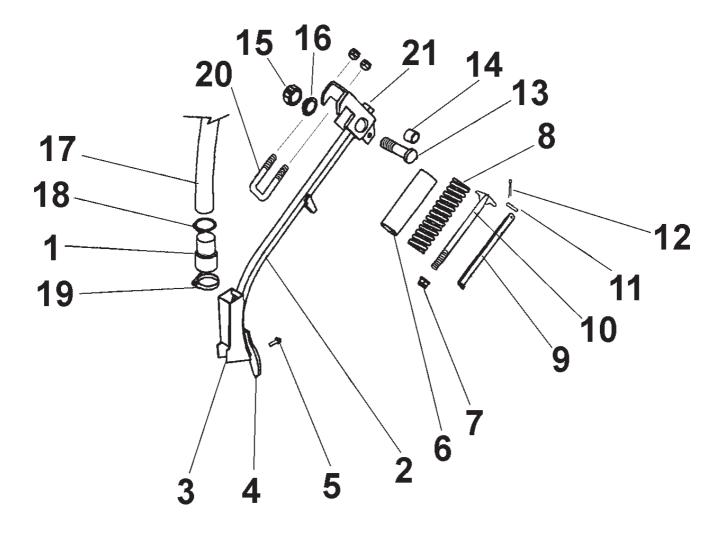
Draw	Code
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 16 17 20 21 23 24	PS-051319 FE-610004 PS-051315 933 8x30 8.8 B PS-051307 CO-051300 BU-061302 125 24 BI 94 5x40 BI B10-44 TA-051328 TA-051329 PS-051329 BU-051302 FE-603001 C01-180 PS-051321/D/I PS-051322/D/I B03-176 125 20 BI 94 5x32 BI BU-051303

9.3 ARMS BAR 600

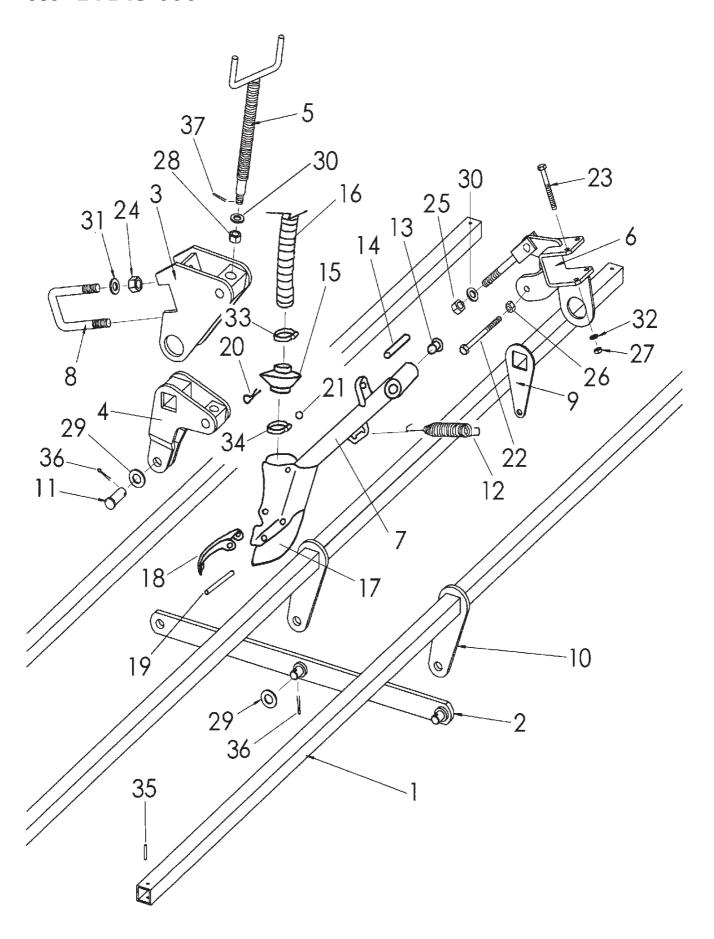


Draw	Code
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Code CO-101305 PS-101320 PS-051339/I PS-051328 PS-051344 TA-051303 A07-33 ML-050605 PX-051324 125 16 BI 94 3,5x28 BI FE-610002 985 12 B03-254

9.4 ARMS 799

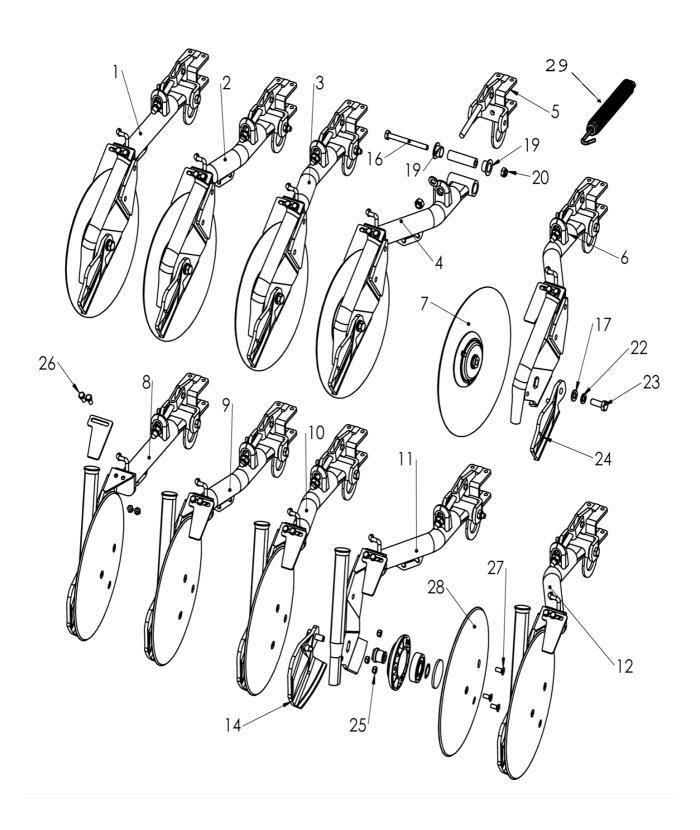


9.5 BRAS 699

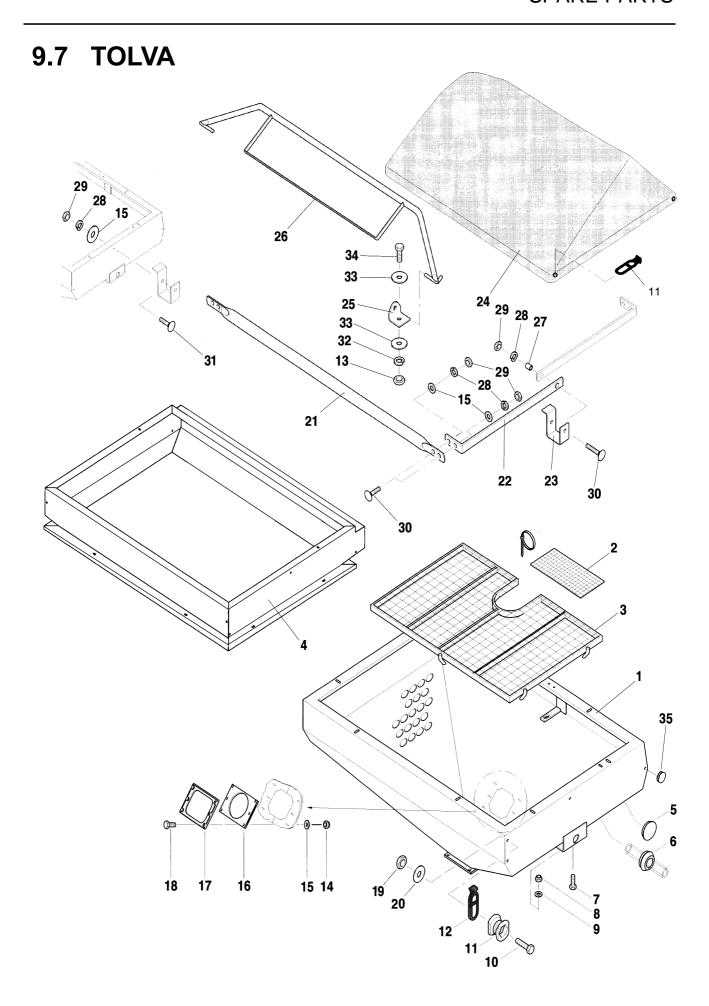


Draw	Code
1	
2	PS-051312
3	PS-051310
4	PS-051311
5	PS-051313
6	PS-051314
7	MB-68
7	MB-70/D
7	MB-70/I
8	EE-050314
9	PX-051302
10	TA-051313
11	BU-050301
12	ML-051300
13	PL-050207
14	ME-050202
15	PL-050201
16	MP-907018
17	FU-050200
18	EE-050206
19	BU-050202
20	ML-050203
21 22	ML-050103
23	931 10X110 BI 931 8X75 8.8 BI
23 24	934 14 BI
2 4 25	985 12/150
26	985 10
27	934 8 BI
28	935 12 BI
29	125 16 BI
30	125 12 BI
31	125 14 BI
32	127 8 BI
33	FE-606001
34	FE-606023
35	1481 5X50 BI
36	94 5X25 BI
37	94 3,5X28 BI

9.6 ARMS OF THE DISCS

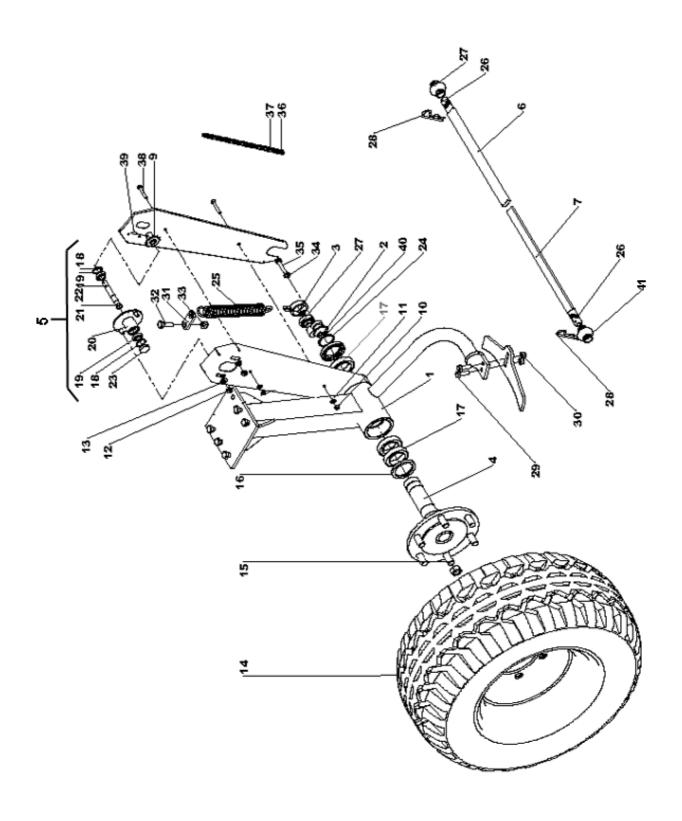


Draw	Code
1	PS-051616
	MO-051316
2	PS-051624
3	MO-051319 PS-051623
3	MO-051317
4	PS-051619
_	MO-051320
5	PS-051314
6	PS-051617 MO-051318
7	MO-051516 MO-051620
8	PS-051347
	MO-051321
9	PS-051349
	MO-051323
10	PS-051348
11	MO-051322 PS-051351
	MO-051325
12	PS-051350
	MO-051324
13	MO-051600
14	FU-051600-l 931 10X110 8.8B
16 17	125 12 BI
18	985 12-150
19	PL-050207
20	985 10
22	127 12 BI
23	933 12X35 8.8B
24 25	FU-051600-D 985 8
26	933 8X20 8.8B
27	7991 8X20 10 BI
28	FO-051600
29	ML-051601



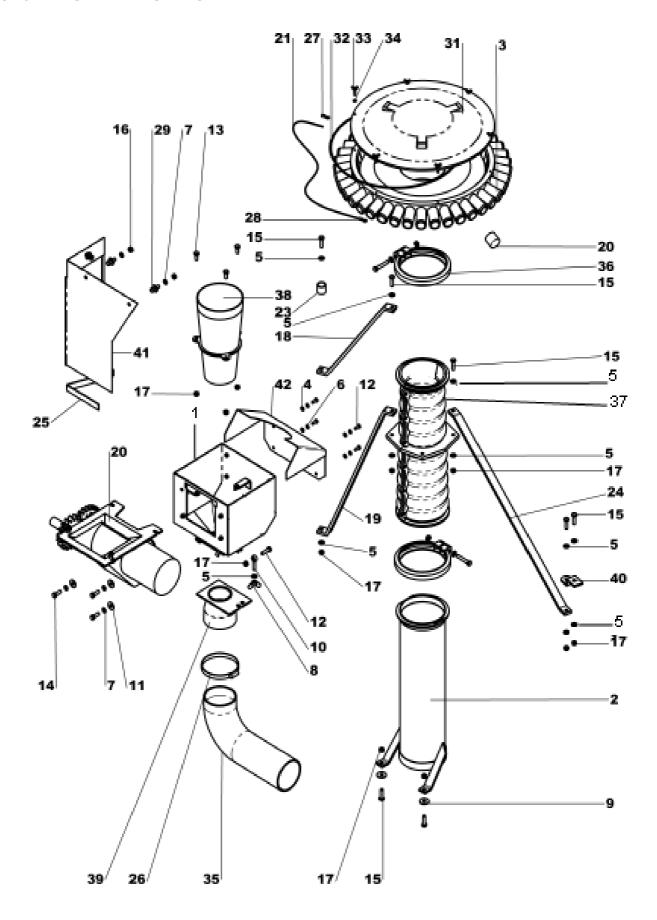
Draw	Code
1	CO-021301
2	CO-021302
3	CO-021303
4	PS-021300
4	PS-021305
5	PL-022200
6	PL-022201
7	933 12X35 BI
8	985 12
9	125 12 BI
11	ME-021702
12	PL-031300
13	934 8 BI
14	985 6
15	9021 6 BI
16	PL-021302
17	CO-021304
18 19	933 6X20 BI 985 8
20	125 8 BI
21	CO-021305
22	CO-021306
23	CO-021307
24	RE-021300
25	CO-021308
26	CO-021309
27	CO-021310
28	127 6 BI
29	934 6 BI
30	603 6X25 BI
31	603 6X16 BI
32	127 8 BI
33	9021 8 BI
34	933 8X30 BI
35	PL-021303

9.8 TRANSMISSION



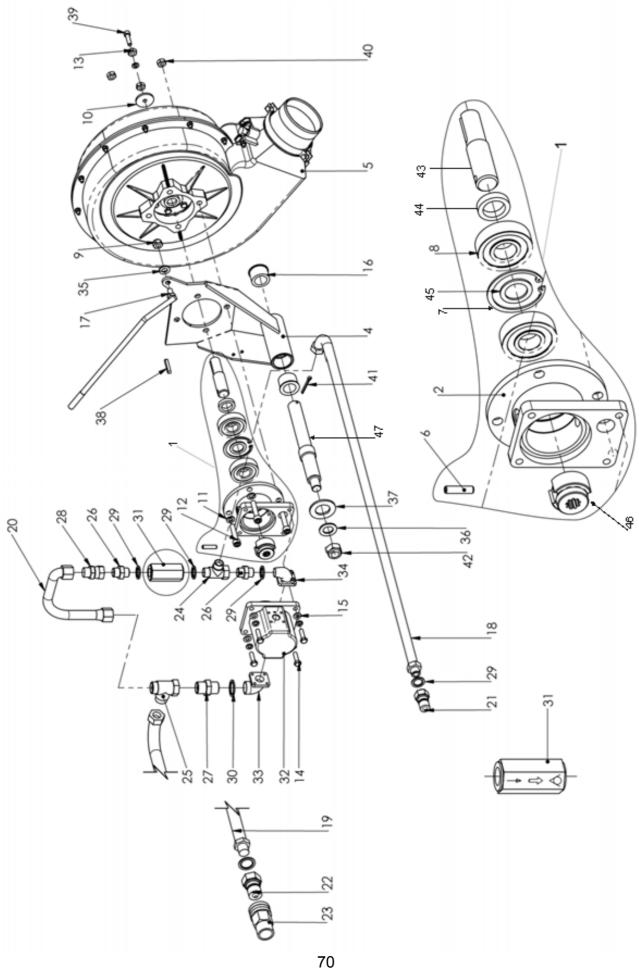
<u>Draw</u>	Code
1	PS-041317/D PS-041317/I PS-041319/D
2	PS-041319/I PS-041308 PS-041309
3 4	PS-041315 PS-041310 ME-041306/D ME-041306/I
5 6 7 9	MO-041336 PS-041325 PS-041324
9 10 11	PS-041313 PS-041314 985 8 125 8 BI
12 13 14 15	985 10 125 10 BI CO-041300 FE-610000
16 17 18	FE-601017 FE-600037 472 32
19 20 21 22	FE-600013 PS-041338 471 15 ME-041342
23 24 25	ME-041341 471 50 ML-041302
26 27 28 29	FE-608023 FE-600028 FE-610004 931 12X35 8.8B
30 31 32	985 12 TA-041303 933 14X40 8.8B
33 34 35	933 14X45 8.8B 985 14 127 12 BI 931 10X70 8.8B
36 37 38	FE-605073 FE-605079 931 8X50 8.8B
39 40 41	1481 5X22 BI FE-601012 PL-041714

9.9 DISTRIBUTION



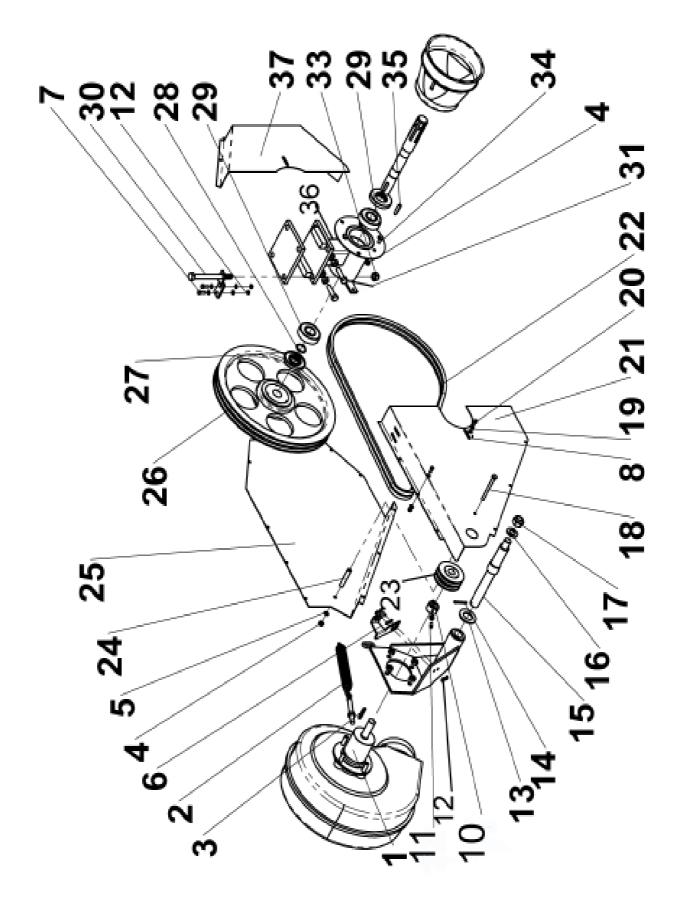
Draw	Code
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	PS-041329 PS-041330 PS-041331 MO-041345 MO-041337 MO-041323 125 6 BI 125 8 BI 127 6 BI 127 8 BI 315 8 BI 440 9 BI 444 8X40 8.8B 9021 8 BI 933 6X16 8.8 B 933 8X20 8.8 B 933 8X25 8.8 B
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	985 8 EE-041311 EE-041312 CN-817040 CN-816008 CO-041305 CT-041317
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	EE-041317 EE-041318 EE-041327 FE-606008 FE-650018 FE-650019 ME-021702 ME-041355 ME-041353 ME-041329 FE-601049 FE-601048
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	FE-601034 316 5X20 BI 125 5 BI MP-907006 PL-041302 PL-041303 PL-041304 PL-041305 PX-041306 VA-041305 PX-041324

9.10 HIDRAULIC FAN



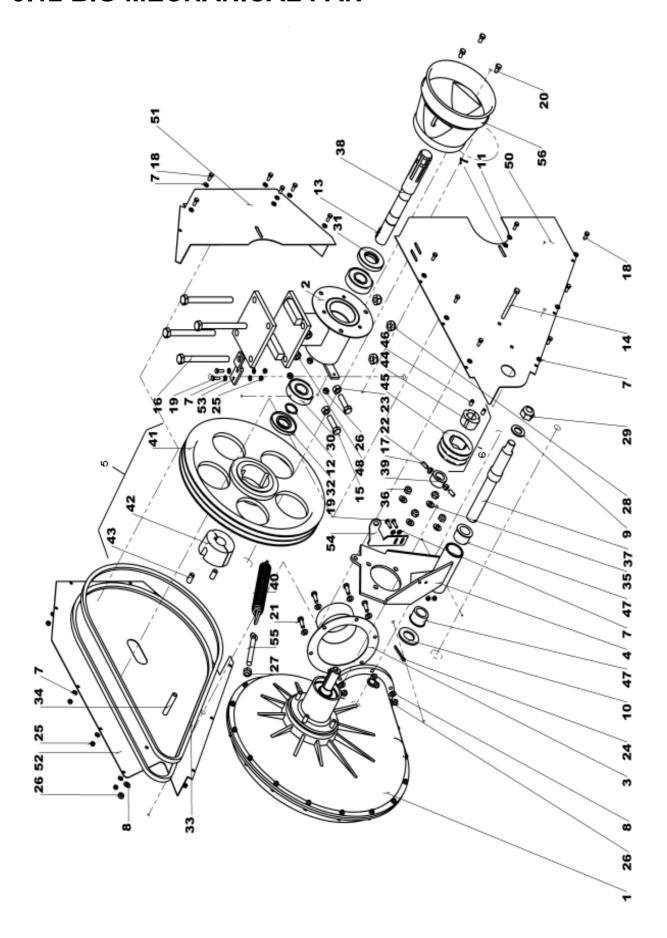
Draw	Code
1	MO-041347
'	MO-041347 MO-041356
2	ME-041346
3	PS-041328
4	PS-041334
	PS-041337
5	CO-041310
	CO-041502
6	7343 8X32
7	472 62
8	FE-600078
9	985 12
10	ME-041351
11	127 10 BI
12	912 10X50 8,8 B
13	127 8 BI
14	933 8X30 8.8B
15	125 8 BI
16	PL-041306
17	933 10X20 8.8
18	HI-700151
19	HI-700152
20	HI-700153
21	HI-701013
22	HI-701014
23 24	HI-701015 HI-703001
2 4 25	HI-703001 HI-703011
26	HI-704004
27	HI-704004 HI-704012
28	HI-704012
29	HI-705002
30	HI-705002
31	HI-706018
32	HI-708022
33	HI-708027
34	HI-708028
35	125 12 BI
36	125 20 BI
37	125 30 BI
38	6885-A 6X6X35
39	912 8X30 8,8
40	934 10
41	94 5X40 BI
42	985 20
43	ME-041348
	ME-041360
44	ME-041350
45	ME-041349
46	ME-041347
47	ME-011305

9.11 MECHANICAL FAN



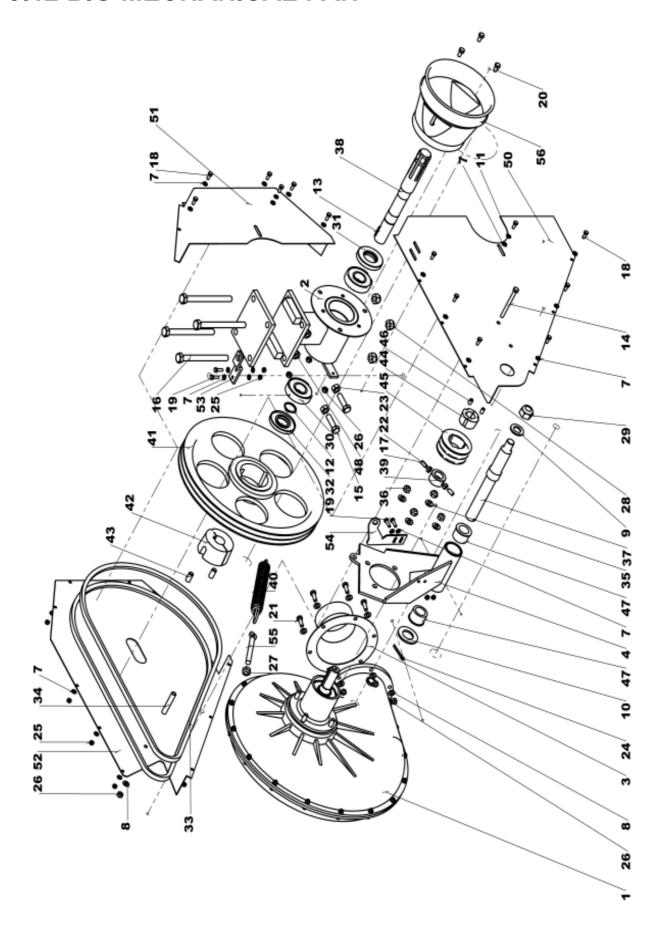
Draw	Code
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 36 37	VA-041300 ML-051601 6885-A 6X6X35 985 8 125 8 BI PX-041322 933 6x20 8.8 B 125 6 BI ME-041334 914 8X20 BI 985 6 125 30 BI 94 5x40 BI ME-011305 125 20 BI 985 20 931 8x90 8.8 BI 127 6 BI 933 6x16 8.8 B PX-041317 FE-604041 MO-041326 CT-041313 PX-041319 MO-041325 FE-601042 471-30 FE-600051 931 14X150 8.8 BI 933 12X45 8.8 B 985 14 933 8x16 8.8 BI 933 8x16 8.8 BI 933 12X45 8.8 BI 933 12X45 8.8 BI 933 8x16 8.8 BI 933 8x16 8.8 BI
	I

9.12 BIG MECHANICAL FAN



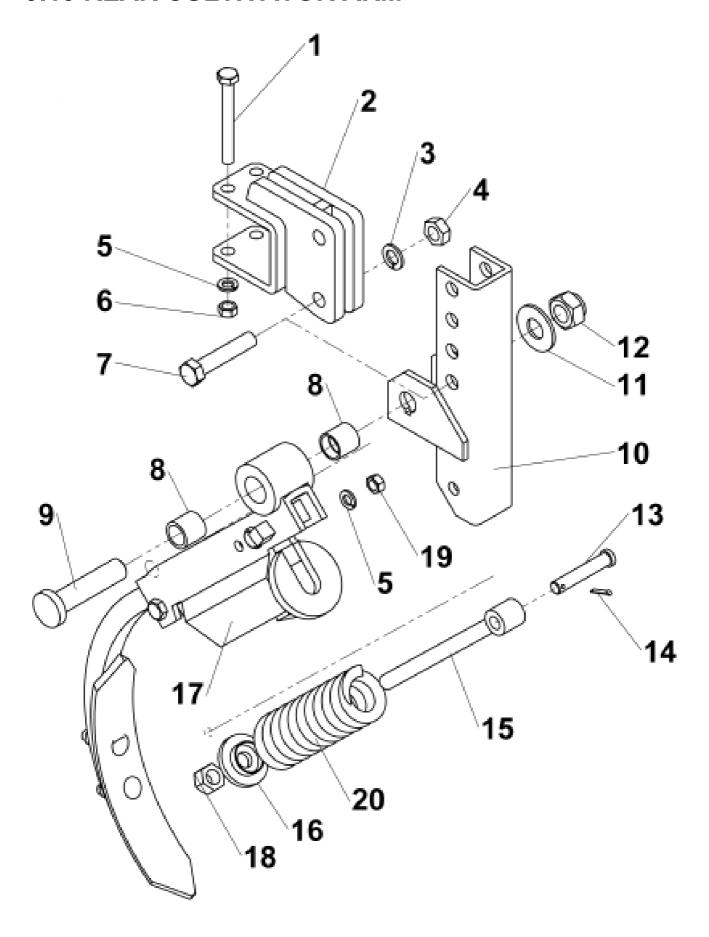
Draw	Code
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 112 13 14 15 6 17 18 9 20 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 4 35 36 37 38 9 40 41 42	CO-041500 CO-041502 CO-041500-02 PS-041320 PS-041335 PS-041337 MO-041325 MO-041327 125 6 BI 125 8 BI 125 20 BI 125 30 BI 127 6 BI 471 30 6885-A 8X7X30 931 8X90 8.8B 931 12X45 8.8B 931 12X45 8.8B 931 14X150 8.8B 931 14X150 8.8B 933 6X20 BI 933 6X16 8.8B 933 8X25 8.8B 933 8X26 8.8B 934 8 BI 934 12 BI 94 5X40 BI 985 6 985 8 985 12-150 985 14 985 20 FE-600051 FE-601042 FE-601042 FE-604049 CT-041313 125 10 BI 985 10 ME-011305 ME-041332 ME-041363 ML-051601 FE-604019
	1

9.12 BIG MECHANICAL FAN



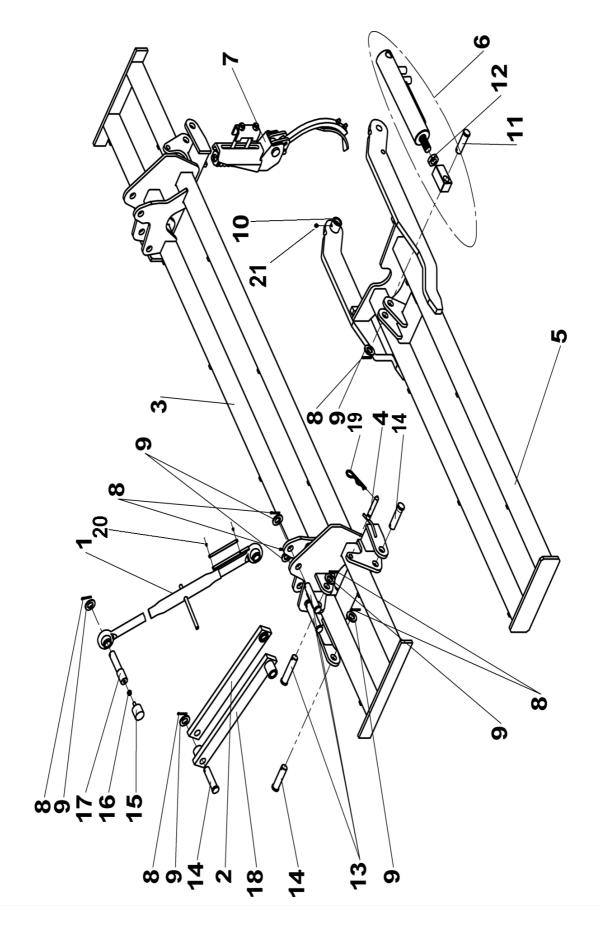
Code
913 12X25 BI
FE-604047
FE-604017
913 8X15 BI
PL-041306
934 12
PX-041317
PX-041318
PX-041319
PX-041320
PX-041322
T05-09
TA-041306

9.13 REAR CULTIVATOR ARM



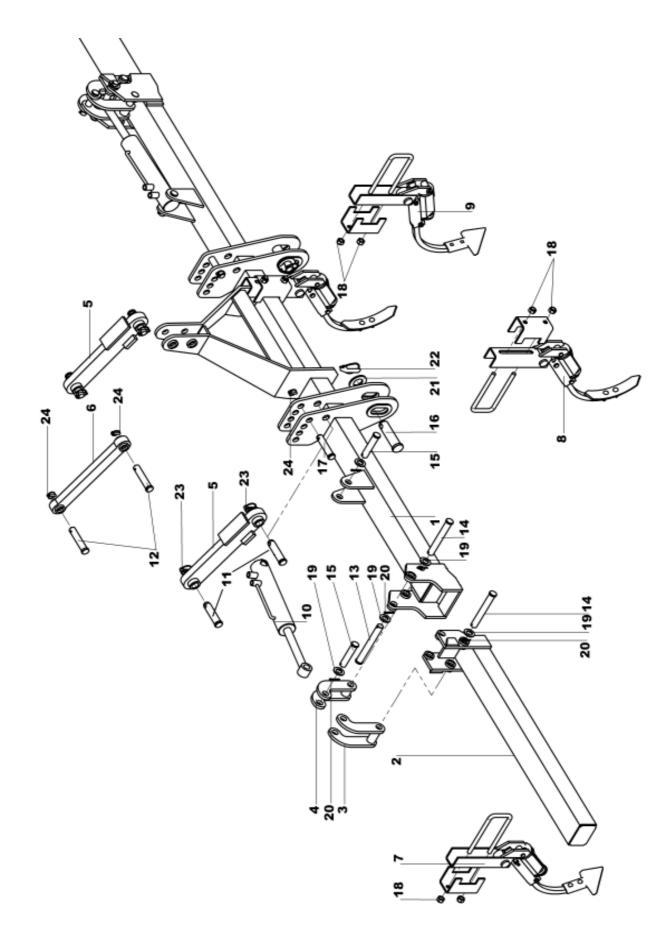
Draw	Code
1	931 10x90 8.8 BI
2	PS-061353
3	127 14 BI
4	934 14 BI
5	127 10 BI
6	934 10 BI
7	931 14x70 8.8 BI
8	PL-050302
9	EE-050312
10	PS-061330
11	125 20 BI
12	985 20/150
13	BU-060300
14	94 3,5X20 BI
15	FO-060202
16	PS-1115
17	PS-1120
18	931 10X45 8.8 BI
19	934 10
20	ML-060300

9.14 REAR CULTIVATOR



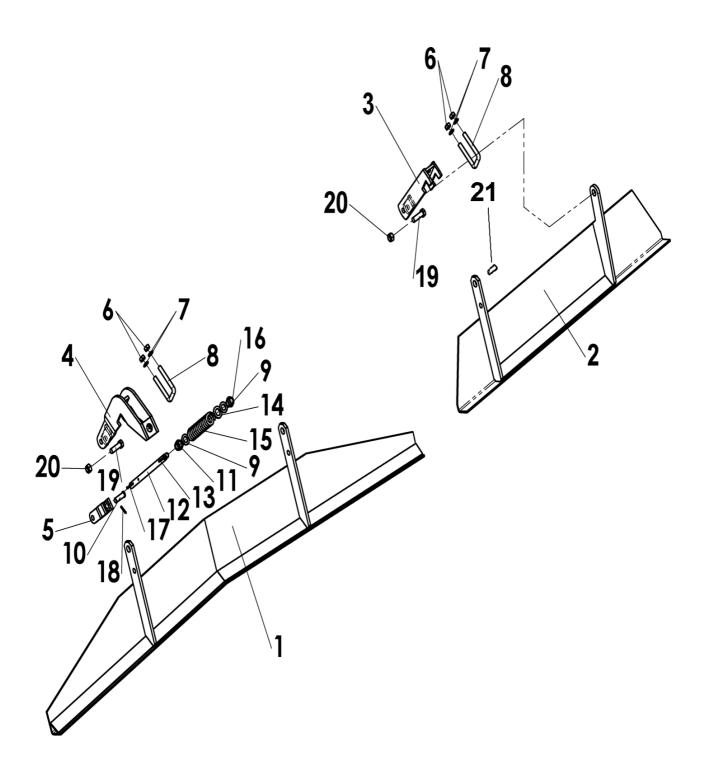
Drow	Code
Draw	Code
1	PS-061351
2	PS-061344
3	PS-061346
4	PS-051329
5	PS-061347/D/I
	PS-061348/D/I
	PS-061349/D/I
	PS-061350/D/I
6	CO-061301
7	MO-061330
8	94 5x40 BI
9	125 24 BI
10	A01-79
11	BU-061305
12	936 27X1,5 BI
13	BU-061306
14	BU-051302
15	FE-660007
16	934 10 BI
17	ME-061316
18	PS-061345
19	FE-610004
20	FE-602001
21	FE-603001

9.15 AFLOAT CULTIVATOR



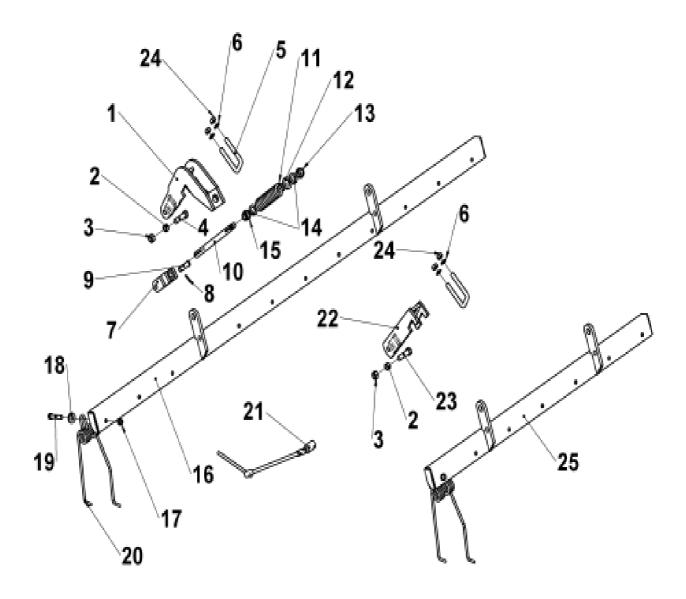
Draw	Code
1 2	PS-061340 PS-061311 PS-061312
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	PS-061312 PS-061303 PS-061303 PS-061303 PS-061367 PS-061323 MO-061310 MO-0719/B MO-0720/B SC-57 BU-061308 B03-132 BU-061300 BU-061301 B03-252 BU-011303 BU-061307 985 16 125 25 BI 94 5X36 BI ARAN PLANA 39 B FE-610011 FE-610008
24	FE-610007

9.16 FLAT LEVELER



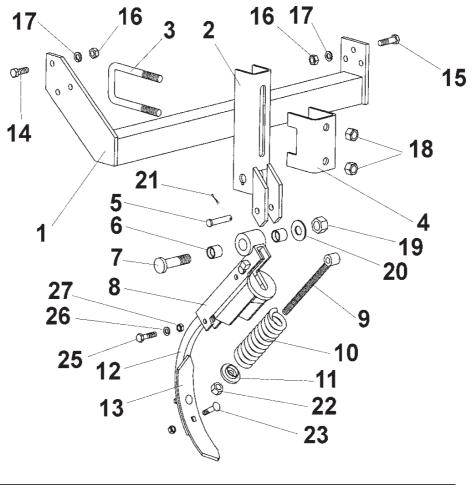
Draw	Code
1	PS-061354
2	PS-061355/D
	PS-061355/I
	PS-061356/D
	PS-061356/I
	PS-061357/D
	PS-061357/I
	PS-061358/D
	PS-061358/I
3	PS-061305/D
	PS-061305/I
	PS-061359/D
•	PS-061359/I
4	PS-061352
_	PS-061352/BH
5	PS-061318
6 7	934 14 BI
<i>1</i> 8	127 14 BI
9	EE-050314 125 20 BI
10	B03-220
10	935 20 BI
12	ME-061305
13	1481 5X30 BI
14	ME-061303
15	ML-050300
16	985 20
17	94 4X32 BI
18	94 5X25 BI
19	931 16X55 8.8 E
20	985 16
21	ME-061301

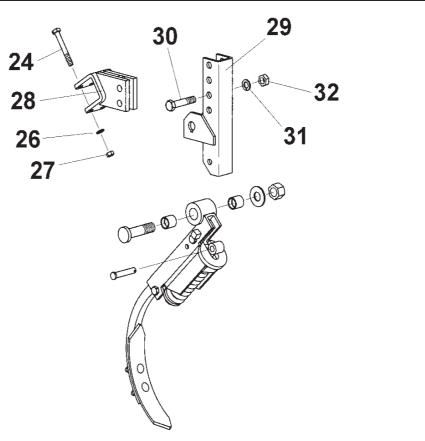
9.17 LEVELER TINES



Draw	Code
1	PS-061352
	PS-061352/BH
2	ME-061301
3	985 16
5	EE-050314
6	127 14 BI
7	PS-061318
8	94 5x25 BI
9	B03-220
10	ME-061305
11	ML-050300
12	ME-061303
13	985 20
14	125 20 BI
15	935 20 BI
16	PS-061361
17	985 12
18	A02-25
19	931 12X70 8.8 B
20	M01-51/B
21	ME-061311
22	PS-061305/D/I
	PS-061359/D/I
23	931 16x55 8.8 B
24	934 14 BI
25	PS-061362
	PS-061365/D
	PS-061365/I
	PS-061364/D
	PS-061364/I PS-061363/D
	PS-061363/D PS-061363/I
	1 3-00 1303/1

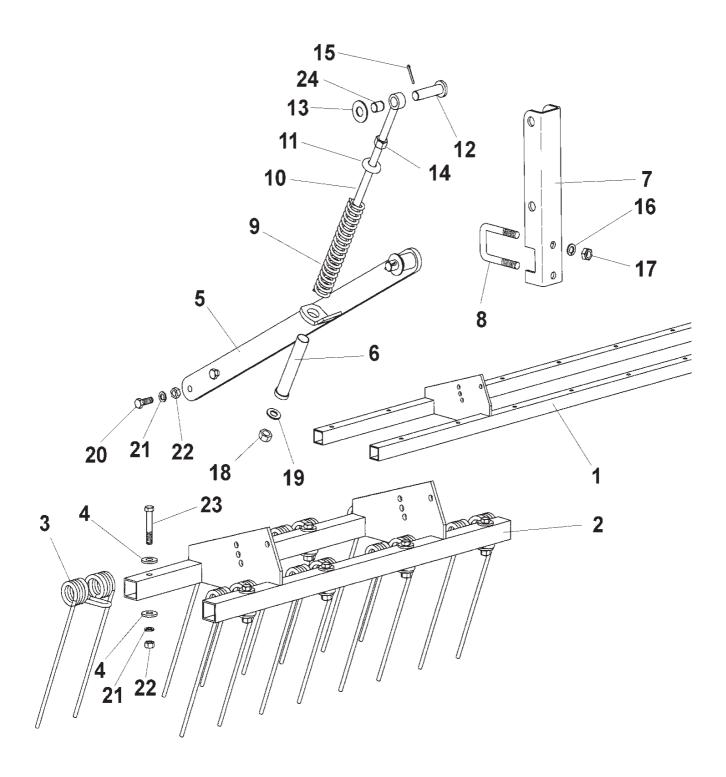
9.18 TRACK ERASERS





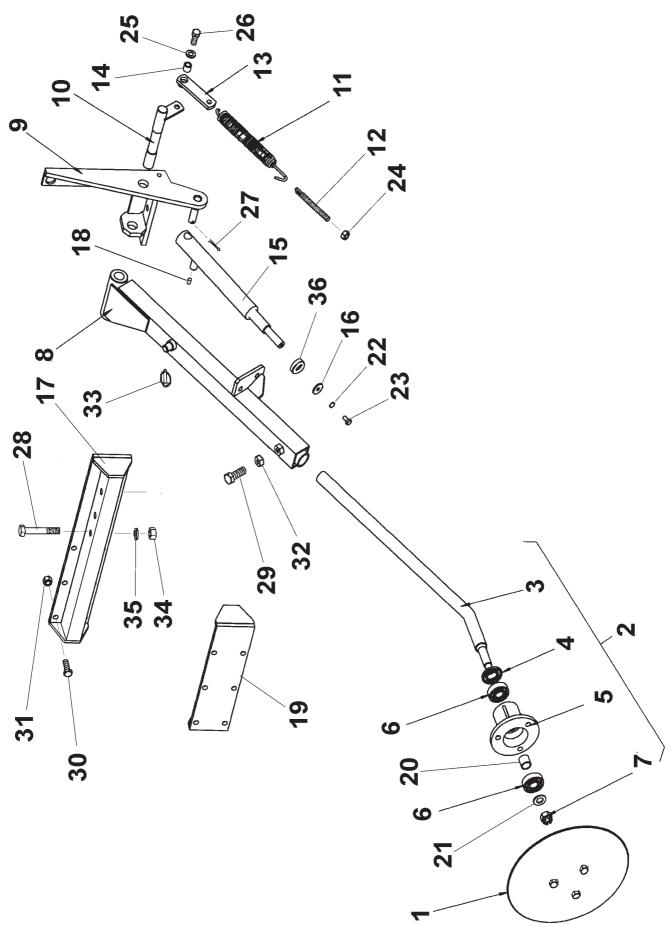
Draw	Code
1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	PS-061321/D PS-061321/I PS-1113 EE-060228 PX-060201 BU-060300 PL-050302 EE-050312 PS-1120 FO-060202 ML-060300 PS-1115 FO-060302 FO-060302 FO-060300 933 12X35 BI 933 12X45 BI 934 12 BI 127 12 BI 985 16 985 20/150 125 20 BI 94 3,5X 20 BI 985 14 608/934 9X40 931 10X80 8.8 B 931 10X45 8.8 B 127 10 BI 934 10 BI PS-061322 PS-061330 931 14X70 BI 127 14 BI 934 14 BI

9.19 HARROW



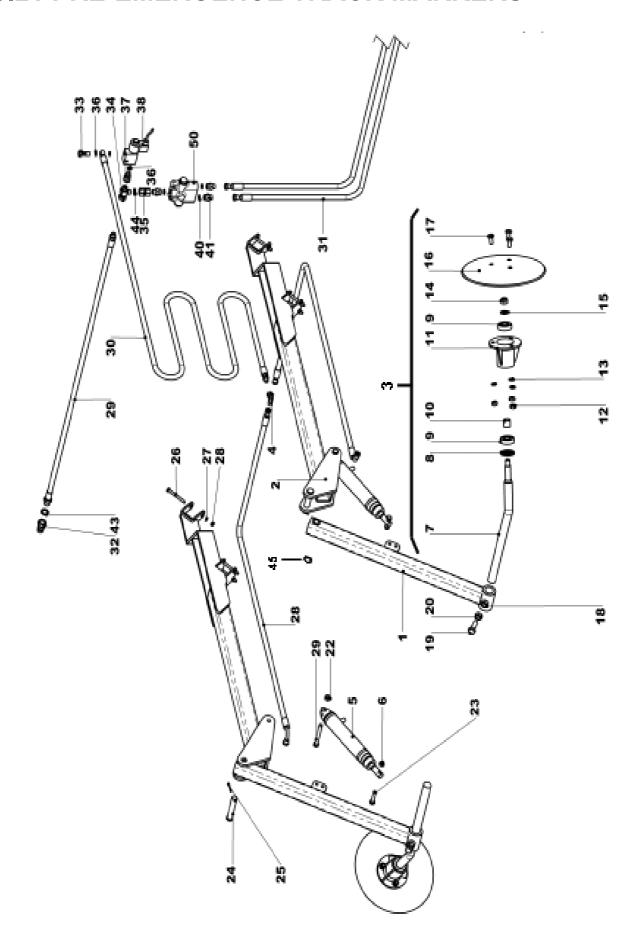
Draw	Code
1	PS-081306
2	PS-081307
2	PS-081308
2	PS-081309
3	ML-080103
4	ME-080202
5	PS-081311/D
5	PS-081311/I
6	PS-1735
7	PS-081310
8	EE-050314
9	ML-080104
10	PS-1710
11	EE-080306
12	BU-080202
13	125 20 BI
14	985 16
15	94 5X32 BI
16	7980 14 BI
17	934 14 BI
18	934 16 BI
19	125 16 BI
20	933 12X35 BI
21	7980 12 BI
22	934 12 BI
23	931 12X70 BI
24	CT-081305

9.20 TRACK MARKERS



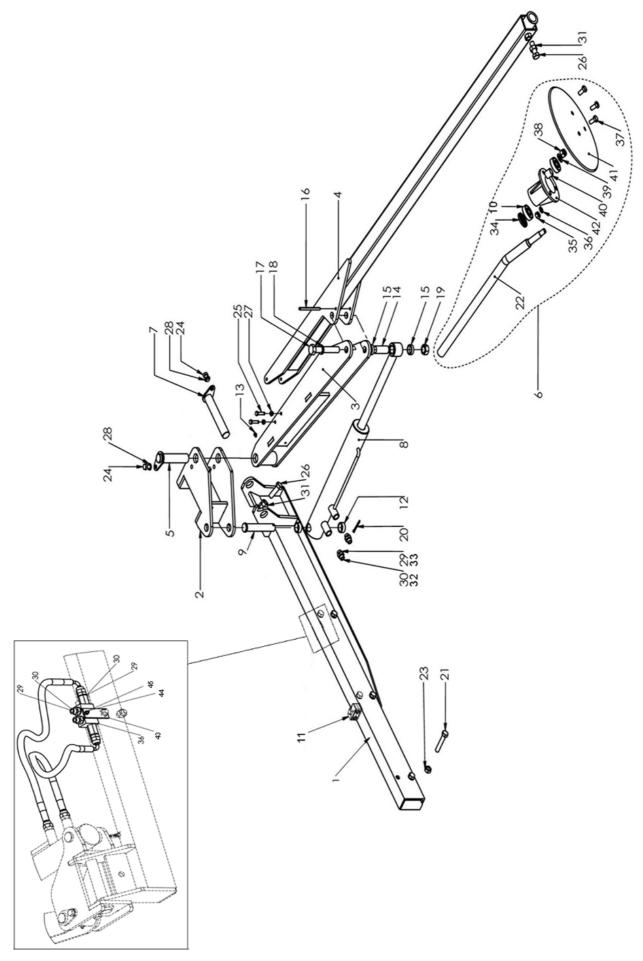
Draw	Code
1	EE-100217
2	RE-100300
3	PR-100201
4	FE-601000
5	ME-100214
6	FE-600005
7	935 M-16 BI
8	PS-1815/d
9	PS-101303/D
10	PS-101304
11	ML-050201
12	EE-100219
13	PS-1805
14	ME-100200
15	CO-101300
16	EE-030200
17	PS-101302
18	ME-100210
19	PS-101301
20	CT-100800
21	125 16 BI
22	127 8 BI
23	933 8X15 BI
24	985 12/150
25 26	125 12 BI 933 12X30 BI
26 27	94 5X32 BI
28	931 14X80 BI
29	933 16X45 BI
30	933 12X35 BI
31	985 12
32	934 16 BI
33	FE-610007
34	934 14 BI
35	7980 14 BI
36	CT-100302

9.21 PRE-EMERGENCE TRACK MARKERS



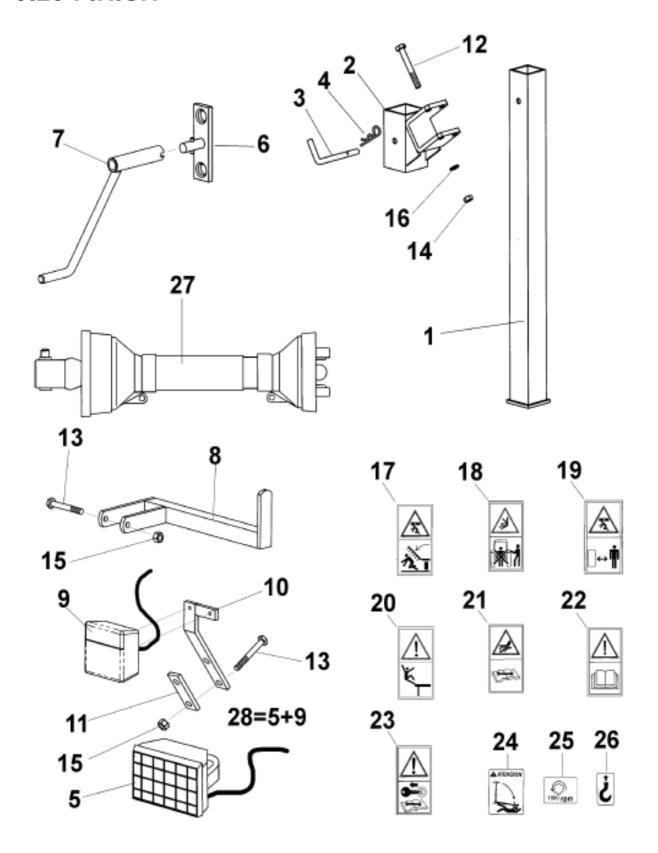
Draw	Code
1	PS-101343
2	PS-101352
3	MO-101329
4	HI-703010
5	CO-045101
6	985 10
7	PR-101302
8	FE-601000
9	FE-600005
10	CT-100800
11	B07-30
12	934 12 BI
13	127 12 BI
14	985 16
15	125 16 BI
16	EE-100217
17 18	933 12X25 8.8B 934 16
19	934 16 933 16X45 8.8B
20	934 16 BI
21	931 12X95 8.8B
22	985 12
23	931 10X50 8.8B
24	B03-188
25	94 5X32 BI
26	931 8X80 8.8B
27	127 8 BI
28	934 8 BI
29	HI-700065·
30	HI-700147
31	HI-700175
	HI-700159
	HI-700145
32	HI-701000
33	HI-702000
34	HI-703005
35 36	HI-704019 HI-705001
36 37	HI-704047
38	HI-706017
39	HI-706017
40	3770 14.25
41	HI-704030
42	HI-700045
43	HI-705002
44	HI-705003
45	125 20 BI
-10	120 20 01

9.22 TRACK MARKERS 6 MTS



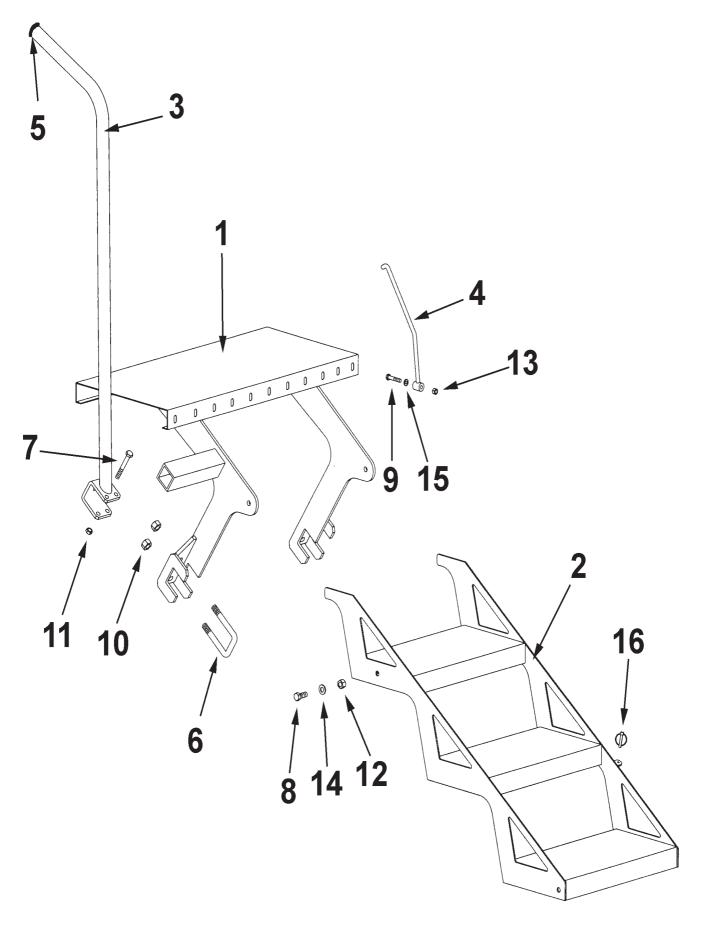
Draw	Code
1	PS-101359-D-I
2	PS-101356-D-I
3	PS-101355
4	PS-101354
5	PS-101357
6	MO-1801
7	PS-101358
8	CO-051300
9	BU-051301
10	FE-600005
11	HI-708001
12	CT-101351
13	FE-603001
14	ME-101329
15	CT-101355
16	1481 8X100 BI
17	931 20X120 8.8 BI
18	7980 20 BI
19 20	934 20 BI 94 5X36 BI
20 21	94 5836 BI 931 14x80 8.8
22	PR-100201
23	985 14
23 24	933 12X20 8.8 BI
2 4 25	933 8x30 8.8 B
26	933 16X50 8.8B
27	985 8
28	127 12 BI
29	HI-705003
30	HI-704007
31	934 16
32	HI-700189
33	HI-700187
34	FE-601000
35	934 12 BI
36	HI-706001
37	933 12X25 8.8B
38	985 16
39	125 16 BI
40	CT-100800
41	EE-100217
42	B07-30

9.23 FINISH



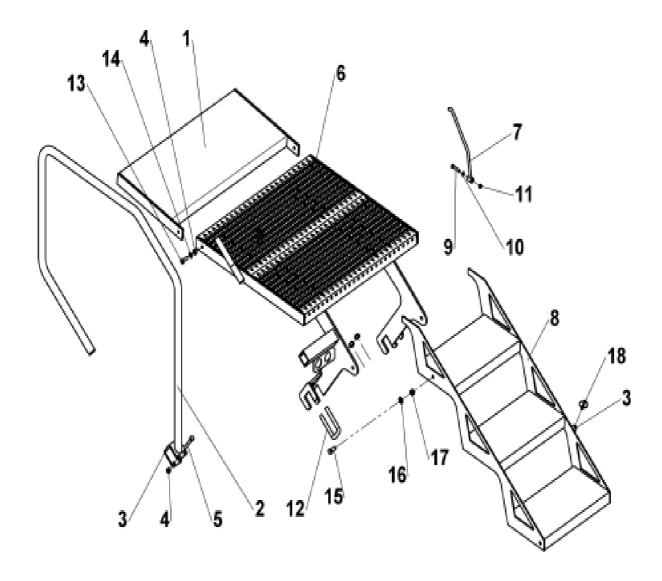
Draw	Code
1	PS-071310
2	PS-071309
3	TA-071305
4	FE-610002
5	MV-071301
6	MO-041313
7	CO-070300
8	PS-071305
8	PS-071306
9	MV-071302
10	PS-071303
11	EE-101312
12	931 10X80 8.8 B
13	931 10X80 8.8 B
14	934 10 BI
15	985 10
16	127 10 BI
17	AD-071302
18	AD-070214
19	AD-070207
20	AD-070215
21	AD-070222
22	AD-070206
23	AD-070227
24	AD-100200
25	AD-071307
26	AD-075104
27	FE-608006
28	MV-071300

9.24 PLATFORM



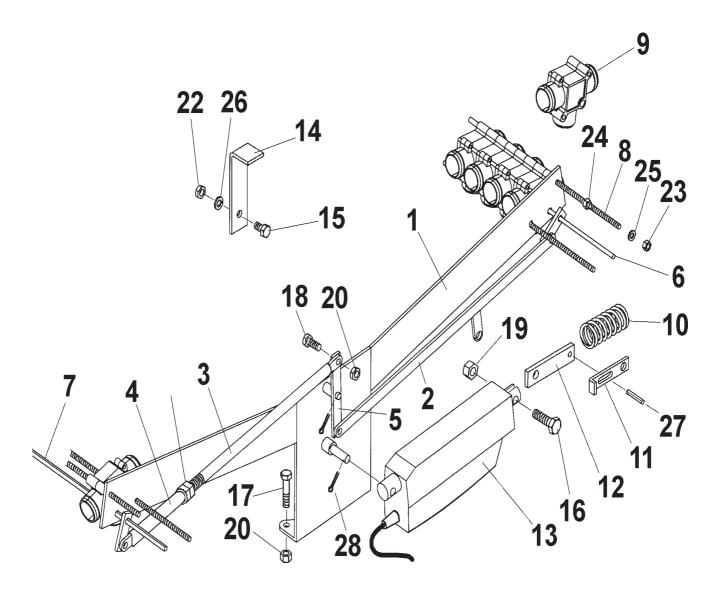
Draw	Code
1	PS-071316
2	PS-071314
3	PS-071311
	PS-071312
4	PS-071317
5	CN-817002
6	EE-050314
7	931 10X80 8.8 B
8	933 12X30 8.8 B
9	931 8X45 8.8 B
10	985 14
11	985 10
12	985 12
13	985 8
14	125 12 BI
15	125 8 BI
16	FE-615005

9.25 STAIRS FOR RETAR CULTIVATOR



Draw	Code
1	PS-071322
2	PS-071323
3	B10-16
4	985 10
5	931 10x80 8.8 B
6	PS-071318
7	PS-071317
8	PS-071314
9	931 8x45 8.8 B
10	125 8 BI
11	985 8
12	EE-050314
13	933 10x30 8.8 B
14	125 10 BI
15	933 12X30 8.8 B
16	125 12 BI
17	985 12
18	FE-610005

9.26 SHUT-0FF VALVES



Draw	Code
1	PS-101309
2	PS-101308
3	EE-101317
4	CO-101303
5	EE-101314
6	PS-101313
6	PS-101314
6	PS-101315
7	PS-101310
7	PS-101311
7	PS-101312
8	CT-101309
8	CT-101310
8 9	CT-101311 MO-041305
10	ML-101301
10	PX-101318
12	EE-101325
13	CO-101301
14	EE-101320
15	933 8X15 BI
16	933 10X35 BI
17	933 8X25 BI
18	933 8X20 BI
19	985 10
20	985 8
21	934 12/150 BI
22	934 8 BI
23	985 6
24	934 6 BI
25	125 6 BI
26	127 8 BI
27	1481 6X30 BI
28	94 3X20 BI

